

Republic of Namibia

Annotated Statutes

# Controlled Wildlife Products and Trade Act 9 of 2008

(GG 4190) brought into force on 15 February 2012 by GN 31/2012 (GG 4883)

## **ACT**

To provide for the implementation of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora; and to provide for incidental matters.

(Signed by the President on 14 December 2008)

## ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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SCHEDULE 1: CONTROLLED WILDLIFE PRODUCTS (Section 1)

SCHEDULE 2: TEXT OF CONVENTION (Section 1)

**SCHEDULE 3: APPENDICES TO CONVENTION** 

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of Namibia as follows:

## **Definitions and interpretation**

- **1.** (1) In this Act unless the context indicates otherwise any word to which a meaning has been assigned by the Convention bears that meaning, and -
- "Appendix" means the relevant appendix to the Convention;
- "controlled wildlife product" means any animal or plant (or any portion thereof), as well as any product or substance derived from any plant or animal as set out in Schedule 1;
- "Convention" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, signed at Washington on 3 March, 1973, as amended in Bonn on 22 June 1979 and acceded to by Namibia on 18 December 1990, the text of which is set out in Schedule 2;
- "deal in" means sell, buy, offer or expose for sale or purchase, barter or offer as valuable consideration:
- "Minister" means the Minister responsible for environment;
- "Ministry" means the Ministry of Environment and Tourism;
- "staff member" means a staff member as defined in section 1 of the Public Service Act, 1995 (Act No. 13 of 1995);
- "this Act" includes the Convention as well as regulations made under section 9;
- (2) Any reference to "Article", and "Appendix" is construed to be a reference to that Article or Appendix of the Convention.
- (3) Any provision of this Act is construed with reference to the Convention and any provision of the Convention is deemed to be part of this Act and for that purpose -
  - (a) the Management Authority for Namibia is the Minister;
  - (b) the Scientific Authority for Namibia is the technical committee established by section 3;
  - (c) a species is deemed to be included in an Appendix only if it appears in the relevant column of Schedule 3 and also subject to such further qualifications as set out in the relevant entry or such further notes as may appear in that Schedule.

### Relation with other laws

2. The prohibition of any action, the prohibition of the possession of any thing or the requirement for a permit or certificate to do anything or to possess anything are in addition to any prohibition or requirement contained in any other law.

## **Technical committee**

- **3.** (1) A technical committee that must perform the duties and which has the powers assigned to the Scientific Authority by the Convention is hereby established.
  - (2) The technical committee consists of -

- (a) two staff members from the Ministry;
- (b) one staff member whose duties relate to veterinary services;
- (c) one staff member whose duties relate to botanical research;
- (d) one staff member from the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources;
- (e) one staff member whose duties relate to the National Museum.
- (3) The Minister must appoint the members of the technical committee on the recommendation of the Minister responsible for the ministry, office or agency where the relevant staff member is employed.
- (4) The members of the technical committee must be appointed for a period of three years and may be reappointed on the expiry of that period.
- (5) A member of the committee ceases to hold office if he or she ceases to be a staff member as contemplated in subsection (2).
  - (6) The Minister may remove a member of the committee, if in his or her opinion -
  - (a) the organisation of the public service has changed in such a manner or the person in question has been appointed in another post that has the effect that the appointment of the person on the committee concerned is no longer appropriate;
  - (b) the person concerned is for any other reason unable to effectively fulfil his or her duties as a member of the committee.
- (7) If a position on the committee becomes vacant as contemplated in subsection (5) or (6), the Minister may appoint a member to fill the vacant position and the new member holds the position for the unexpired portion of the term of office of the member in whose position he or she has been appointed.
  - (8) A quorum at a meeting of the committee is four members.
- (9) The Minister must appoint one of the members of the committee as the chairperson.
  - (10) The chairperson must preside at a meeting of the committee.
- (11) If the chairperson is not present at a meeting of the committee, the members must elect one of them to preside at that meeting.
- (12) Any decision of the committee is taken by a majority of the members present at a meeting of the committee, and in the case of an equality of votes, the person who presides at such a meeting has a casting vote as well as his or her deliberative vote.
  - (13) The committee must meet at least once a year.
- (14) The committee must meet at such times and places as the committee has determined or in the absence of such determination as the chairperson or the Minister has determined.

- (15) The Minister may at any time call a meeting of the committee.
- (16) No decision of the committee is invalid only because there was a vacancy on the committee or because a person participated in the deliberations of the committee or voted while such person was not entitle to participate or vote if there was a quorum at the meeting concerned and a majority of the members present voted in favour of the decision in question.
- (17) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the committee may determine its own procedure.

## Possession of and dealing with controlled wildlife products

- **4.** (1) Any person who -
- (a) possesses any controlled wildlife product the possession of which is unlawful in terms of Schedule 1:
- (b) deals in any controlled wildlife product if the dealing therein is unlawful in terms of Schedule 1;
- (c) manufactures anything from a controlled wildlife product if such manufacture is unlawful in terms of Schedule 1;
- (d) imports any controlled wildlife product if the import thereof is unlawful in terms of Schedule 1; or
- (e) exports any controlled wildlife product if the export thereof is unlawful in terms of Schedule 1,

commits an offence unless he or she has been issued with a permit contemplated in subsection (3) authorising the act in question and unless he or she complies with the conditions specified in the permit.

- (2) A person who has contravened subsection (1) is -
- (a) if he or she has only possessed the product as contemplated in subsection (1)(a), on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding N\$20 000 or imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years or to both such fine and such imprisonment;
- (b) if he or she has performed any action referred to in subsection (1)(b), (1)(c), (1)(d) or (1)(e), on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding N\$200 000 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 20 years or to both such fine and such imprisonment.
- (3) The Minister may issue a permit in the form determined by him or her authorising any action in respect of a controlled wildlife product.
- (4) The Minister may specify any class of action or class of product for which the permit in question is issued.
- (5) The Minister may impose such conditions as he or she considers necessary in order to achieve the objects of this Act when issuing a permit in terms of subsection (3), which conditions may include -
  - (a) requirements relating to the keeping of records;

- (b) requirements relating to the marking of specific specimens or any requirements that will facilitate the identification of specific specimens;
- (c) requirements relating to the registration of specific specimens.
- (6) The class of controlled wildlife products for which the permit is issued, the conditions subject to which the permit is issued, the period for which and the actions authorised by the permit, must be indicated on the permit in question.

## **Acts prohibited by Convention**

- **5.** (1) No person may -
- (a) import;
- (b) export;
- (c) re-export; or
- (d) introduce from the sea,

whether to or from Namibia, in contravention of Article III, Article IV or Article V any specimen contemplated in those Articles, unless the certificates and permits contemplated in those Articles have been obtained or unless the actions concerned are exempt from the obtaining of such certificates or permits.

- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding N\$200 000 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 20 years or to both such fine and such imprisonment.
- (3) The court convicting a person of a contravention of subsection (1) may impose an additional fine or make a compensation order in favour of the State as authorised by laws relating to criminal procedure to compensate the State for -
  - (a) all costs relating to the care or medical treatment of live specimens and the disposal thereof, whether incurred before the order or thereafter;
  - (b) all costs relating to the return of any specimen (whether alive or dead) to its country of origin;
  - (c) an amount equivalent to all costs incurred to restore a population of wildlife harmed through unlawful removal from the wild by the person convicted or commensurate with the impact of unlawful removal by the person convicted:

Provided that any costs referred to in paragraph (a) and (b) may also be recovered by civil suit from any person convicted of an offence relating to the specimen concerned, or from whom such specimen has been seized.

## **Inspectors**

**6.** (1) The Minister may appoint any staff member in the Ministry to be an inspector.

- (2) An inspector must be issued with a certificate of appointment signed by the Minister and he or she must on request produce such certificate when exercising any power under this Act.
- (3) A customs officer, police officer or nature conservator may exercise any power conferred upon an inspector by this Act, in addition to any other powers vesting in such offcer by any other law.

[The word "officer" is misspelt in the Government Gazette in its second use in subsection (3), as reproduced above.]

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3) "customs officer" means an officer as defined in section 1 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1998 (Act No. 20 of 1998), "police officer" means a member of a police force established under any law, and "nature conservator" has the meaning assigned thereto by the Nature Conservation Ordinance, 1975 (Ordinance No. 4 of 1975).

## **Powers of inspectors**

- 7. (1) An inspector may request any person who in his or her opinion possesses anything in respect of which a permit or certificate is required -
  - (a) to make such thing available for inspection;
  - (b) to produce the relevant permit or certificate.
- (2) An inspector may examine any consignment which he or she reasonably suspects of containing any specimen of a species referred to in Schedule 3 or any controlled wildlife product.
- (3) An inspector may search any premises that is not used as a private dwelling in order to determine whether any provision of this Act has been or is being contravened.
- (4) An inspector may request a police officer to accompany him or her while he or she is investigating any matter relating to this Act and the police officer may exercise any power vesting in that police officer in the presence of the inspector concerned: Provided that a police officer may not search a person of a different gender from the inspector concerned in the presence of that inspector.
- (5) An inspector may request a veterinarian to examine any live animal to determine any question relevant for the exercise of a discretion under this Act.
  - (6) An inspector may -
  - (a) seize any specimen if the person in possession thereof does not produce the permit or certificate required by this Act in respect of that specimen;
  - (b) seize anything used for, or in relation with the commission of any offence under this Act which includes a vehicle, firearm, trap, container, cage or other equipment associated with the hunting, transport, capturing, collecting, keeping, processing or manufacturing of the specimen concerned;
  - (c) seize anything that may afford evidence of the commission of an offence under this Act;

- (d) take such samples from any specimen or anything relating to such specimen that may be relevant for the determination of a question relevant for the exercise of a discretion under this Act, or that may afford evidence for the commission of an offence under this Act;
- (e) examine any book, record, or document, as well as any computer system in which he or she reasonably believes anything relevant to an offence or duty contemplated in this Act is stored:
- instruct any person to afford such assistance as is reasonably required to interpret or extract relevant information from such book, record, document or computer system;
- (g) put any question to any person that in the opinion of the inspector is necessary in order to exercise any discretion conferred by this Act or to clarify any matter in any record or book or with relation to any specimen.
- (7) When an inspector seizes anything in terms of this Act, he or she must issue a receipt for such item.
  - (8) Any person who -
  - (a) hinders or obstructs an inspector from exercising any power under this Act;
  - (b) refuses or fails to comply with any request made by an inspector under this Act without a reasonable excuse; or
  - (c) without a reasonable excuse, fails or refuses to answer a question put by an inspector under this Act,

commits an offence and is on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding N\$4 000 or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

## **Forfeiture**

- **8.** (1) Subject to subsection (2) the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977), relating to the seizure and the forfeiting to the State of a thing relating to an offence, by a police officer or peace officer including provisions relating to the forfeiture, handling and storage of anything seized under that Act, as well as the provisions relating to rights of third parties when anything is declared forfeited, is applicable to anything seized under this Act and a reference in that Act to a peace officer or police officer is construed as a reference to an inspector.
- (2) If the thing seized is a living plant or animal, the inspector may return such animal to its country of origin or release that plant or animal in an appropriate place in Namibia or deal therewith in any manner conducive to the well-being thereof, regardless of any rights in that thing that has not been conclusively determined but this subsection does not affect a claim of compensation for an unlawful seizure or disposal.
- (3) Anything forfeited to the State as contemplated in this section must, if circumstances permit -
  - (a) be returned to the country of export or origin of the specimen as appropriate and any cost incurred in relation thereto may be recovered from any person convicted of an offence under this Act if the offence relates to the specimen concerned;

(b) be deposited in an appropriate institution, collection or museum or otherwise disposed of in a manner that benefits conservation.

## Regulations

- **9.** (1) The Minister may make regulations -
- (a) prescribing the forms on which application must be made for permits or certificates required by this Act;
- (b) prescribing the procedures with which an applicant for a permit or certificate must comply;
- (c) prescribing any matter relating to the packaging of any specimen;
- (d) prescribing requirements with which persons who keep live specimens must comply in order to promote the well-being of the specimen concerned;
- (e) prescribing any procedure that must be followed when any animal, plant or any part thereof or specimen thereof is imported, exported or introduced from the sea;
- (f) prescribing that any person who possesses, deals in, manufactures, imports or exports any controlled wildlife product or specimen (whether that person requires a permit or not) must keep records in the prescribed form and manner;
- (g) prescribing the manner that a prescribed class of specimens may or must be marked, prohibiting the tampering with or the performance of any action with respect to such mark and prescribing any other matter relating to such mark;
- (h) prescribing fees for the issuing of permits, registration or other administrative actions connected with the implementation of this Act;
- (i) prescribing any matter that is necessary or expedient to prescribe in order to achieve the objects of this Act;
- (2) Regulations made under subsection (1) may create offences with a penalty that does not exceed a fine of  $N$8\,000$  or two years imprisonment or both such fine and such imprisonment.

## **Delegation of powers**

- **10.** (1) Any power -
- (a) vesting in the Minister (except the power to make regulations);
- (b) vesting in the committee,

may be delegated to any staff member in the Ministry.

(2) When a power is delegated under this section, the authority that delegates the power concerned, may delegate any class of the powers vesting in that authority under such conditions as may be expedient.

- (3) When powers are delegated under this section, the authority that delegates such powers, may issue directives circumscribing any issue with relation to the exercise of that power as may appear expedient.
  - (4) A delegation in terms of this section may at any time be withdrawn or amended.
- (5) The committee may assign the research of any technical question to any person (whether a member or not) under such conditions as may be agreed with that person.
- (6) A person to whom the research of a technical matter has been assigned as contemplated in subsection (5), must prepare a report on the research conducted to be submitted to the committee.
- (7) If the committee adopts the report referred to in subsection (6), it is deemed that the committee has conducted the research in question.

### Amendment of Schedules

**11.** (1) Whenever Appendices I, II or III is amended, the Minister must by notice in the *Gazette* amend Schedule 3 accordingly.

## [To be grammatically correct, subsection (1) should read "Whenever Appendix I, II or III is amended...".]

- (2) For the purpose of criminal liability or the seizure or forfeiture of any article, an amendment to Schedule 3 takes effect on the date when the notice is published as contemplated in subsection (1) or on a later date specified in that notice.
  - (3) The Minister may amend Schedule 1 by notice in the *Gazette*.
- (4) When the Minister amends Schedule 1, the Minister may specify in respect of any animal, plant, part, product or substance that -
  - (a) the possession thereof is unlawful;
  - (b) dealing therein is unlawful;
  - (c) the import thereof is unlawful;
  - (d) the export thereof is unlawful,

or that more than one of these actions are unlawful.

- (5) When controlled wildlife products are specified as contemplated in this section, the Minister may distinguish between -
  - (a) different species, varieties or populations of plants or animals;
  - (b) the country or region from which the animal or plant originates;
  - (c) the product or substance for which the act in question is specified;
  - (d) the process used when the animal or plant has been caught or collected or the process used in extracting or manufacturing the product or substance; or

- (e) any other criterion that is relevant for the achievement of the objects of this Act.
- (6) When the Minister amends Schedule 1, any act referred to in subsection (4), may be made conditional upon the compliance with any formalities relating to the registration, marking or any other action that will facilitate the identification of any specific specimen.

## Jurisdiction of magistrate's court

**12.** Despite any provision of any other law, a magistrate's court has the power to impose any sentence or make any order in respect of an offence under this Act.

## Repeal of laws and transitional provisions

- **13.** (1) The Controlled Game Products Proclamation, 1980 (Proclamation AG. 42 of 1980), is repealed.
- (2) Any person who has possessed anything lawfully before this Act comes into operation or before Schedule 1 or 3 is amended in such a manner that the person concerned would require a permit after such amendment, must apply for a permit authorising such possession within six months from such commencement or amendment.
- (3) The provisions of subsection (2) apply to a person who is the holder of a permit issued in terms of the law repealed by subsection (1).
- (4) If a person contemplated in subsection (2) or (3) has failed to apply within the period provided for in subsection (2), the possession in question is deemed to be possession without a permit as contemplated in section 4(1).

## **Short title and commencement**

**14.** This Act is called the Controlled Wildlife Products and Trade Act, 2008 and comes into operation on a date determined by the Minister by notice in the *Gazette*.

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Schedule 1: Controlled Wildlife Products

## SCHEDULE 1 CONTROLLED WILDLIFE PRODUCTS

(Section 1)

- 1. Subject to paragraph 2 and 3 no person may possess, manufacture any object from, deal in, import into, or export from Namibia any tusk, horn, head, ear, trunk, skin, tail or foot or any part thereof, of any elephant or rhinoceros, or any part of any species or other specimen mentioned in Appendix I unless the action in question is authorised by a permit.
- 2. Paragraph 1 does not apply to the possession of up to five items of worked ivory with a total weight of less than 1 kg for personal use only.
- 3. Paragraph 1 does not apply to omakipa or other ivory carvings that are possessed or transferred in accordance with the customary law or the long-standing customs of any group of people indigenous to Namibia.
- 4. Paragraph 1 does not authorise the sale of the items referred to in that paragraph to any person who does not possess that item in accordance with such customary law or custom.
- 5. Subject to paragraph 7, no person may possess, deal in, import or export to or from Namibia any live mammal of the order carnivora, without a permit authorising the action in question.
- 6. Subject to paragraph 7, no person may import or export to or from Namibia any specimen derived from a mammal of the order carnivora without a permit authorising the action in question.
- 7. Paragraph 5 and 6 do not apply to any domesticated form of mammal of the order carnivora.

Schedule 2: Text of Convention

### SCHEDULE 2

[The official text of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora and its Appendices can be found on the website of the official depository, which is the Swiss government:

<a href="www.eda.admin.ch/eda/fr/dfae/politique-exterieure/droit-international-public/traites-internationaux/depositaire/esp%C3%A8ces-menacees-(cites)/convention-sur-le-commerce-international-des-esp%C3%A8ces-de-faune-et-de-flore-sauvages-menacees-d-extinction.html>. This links to the front page for the Convention, which is presented only in French. To find the original text of the Convention and the original Appendices in English, scroll to the heading heading "Texte original de la Convention" and click on "anglais" for the main text and "annexes (en)" for the appendices.]

### **TEXT OF CONVENTION**

(Section 1)

The Contracting States,

Recognizing that wild fauna and flora in their many beautiful and varied forms are an irreplaceable part of the natural systems of the earth which must be protected for this and the generations to come;

Conscious of the ever-growing value of wild fauna and flora from aesthetic, scientific, cultural, recreational and economic points of view;

Recognizing that peoples and States are and should be the best protectors of their own wild fauna and flora;

Recognizing, in addition, that international co-operation is essential for the protection of certain species of wild fauna and flora against over-exploitation through international trade; Convinced of the urgency of taking appropriate measures to this end; Have agreed as follows:

[The paragraph above is reproduced as it appears in the *Government Gazette*. It is formatted differently in the official text of the Convention.]

## Article I Definitions

For the purpose of the present Convention, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Species" means any species, subspecies, or geographically separate population thereof;
- (b) "Specimen" means:
  - (i) any animal or plant, whether alive or dead;
  - (ii) in the case of an animal: for species included in Appendices I and II, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof; and for species included in Appendix III, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof specified in Appendix III in relation to the species; and
  - (iii) in the case of a plant: for species included in Appendix I, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof; and for species included in

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Appendices II and III, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof specified in Appendices II and III in relation to the species;

- (c) "Trade" means export, re-export, import and introduction from the sea;
- (d) "Re-export" means export of any specimen that has previously been imported;
- (e) "Introduction from the sea" means transportation into a State of specimens of any species which were taken in the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State;
- (f) "Scientific Authority" means a national scientific authority designated in accordance with Article IX:
- (g) "Management Authority" means a national management authority designated in accordance with Article IX;
- (h) "Party" means a State for which the present Convention has entered into force.

## Article II Fundamental Principles

- 1. Appendix I shall include all species threatened with extinction which are or may be affected by trade. Trade in specimens of these species must be subject to particularly strict regulation in order not to endanger further their survival and must only be authorized in exceptional circumstances.
  - 2. Appendix II shall include:
  - (a) all species which although not necessarily now threatened with extinction may become so unless trade in specimens of such species is subject to strict regulation in order to avoid utilization incompatible with their survival; and
  - (b) other species which must be subject to regulation in order that trade in specimens of certain species referred to in sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph may be brought under effective control.
- 3. Appendix III shall include all species which any Party identifies as being subject to regulation within its jurisdiction for the purpose of preventing or restricting exploitation, and as needing the co-operation of other Parties in the control of trade.
- 4. The Parties shall not allow trade in specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III except in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention.

## Article III Regulation of Trade in Specimens of Species Included in Appendix I

- 1. All trade in specimens of species included in Appendix I shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- 2. The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit. An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

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- (a) a Scientific Authority of the State of export has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;
- (b) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora:
- (c) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and
- (d) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that an import permit has been granted for the specimen.
- 3. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of an import permit and either an export permit or a re-export certificate. An import permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Scientific Authority of the State of import has advised that the import will be for purposes which are not detrimental to the survival of the species involved;
  - (b) a Scientific Authority of the State of import is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and
  - (c) a Management Authority of the State of import is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.
- 4. The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate. A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that the specimen was imported into that State in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention;
  - (b) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and
  - (c) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that an import permit has been granted for any living specimen.
- 5. The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant of a certificate from a Management Authority of the State of introduction. Acertificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Scientific Authority of the State of introduction advises that the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved;
  - (b) a Management Authority of the State of introduction is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and

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(c) a Management Authority of the State of introduction is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

## Article IV Regulation of Trade in Specimens of Species Included in Appendix II

- 1. All trade in specimens of species included in Appendix II shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- 2. The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit. An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Scientific Authority of the State of export has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;
  - (b) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora; and
  - (c) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.
- 3. A Scientific Authority in each Party shall monitor both the export permits granted by that State for specimens of species included in Appendix II and the actual exports of such specimens. Whenever a Scientific Authority determines that the export of specimens of any such species should be limited in order to maintain that species throughout its range at a level consistent with its role in the ecosystems in which it occurs and well above the level at which that species might become eligible for inclusion in Appendix I, the Scientific Authority shall advise the appropriate Management Authority of suitable measures to be taken to limit the grant of export permits for specimens of that species.
- 4. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior presentation of either an export permit or a re-export certificate.
- 5. The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate. A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that the specimen was imported into that State in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention; and
  - (b) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.
- 6. The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant of a certificate from a Management Authority of the State of introduction. A certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Scientific Authority of the State of introduction advises that the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved; and

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- (b) a Management Authority of the State of introduction is satisfied that any living specimen will be so handled as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.
- 7. Certificates referred to in paragraph 6 of this Article may be granted on the advice of a Scientific Authority, in consultation with other national scientific authorities or, when appropriate, international scientific authorities, in respect of periods not exceeding one year for total numbers of specimens to be introduced in such periods.

## Article V Regulation of Trade in Specimens of Species Included in Appendix III

- 1. All trade in specimens of species included in Appendix III shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- 2. The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III from any State which has included that species in Appendix III shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit. An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:
  - (a) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora; and
  - (b) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.
- 3. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require, except in circumstances to which paragraph 4 of this Article applies, the prior presentation of a certificate of origin and, where the import is from a State which has included that species in Appendix III, an export permit.
- 4. In the case of re-export, a certificate granted by the Management Authority of the State of re-export that the specimen was processed in that State or is being re-exported shall be accepted by the State of import as evidence that the provisions of the present Convention have been complied with in respect of the specimen concerned.

## Article VI Permits and Certificates

- 1. Permits and certificates granted under the provisions of Articles III, IV, and V shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- 2. An export permit shall contain the information specified in the model set forth in Appendix IV, and may only be used for export within a period of six months from the date on which it was granted.
- 3. Each permit or certificate shall contain the title of the present Convention, the name and any identifying stamp of the Management Authority granting it and a control number assigned by the Management Authority.

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- 4. Any copies of a permit or certificate issued by a Management Authority shall be clearly marked as copies only and no such copy may be used in place of the original, except to the extent endorsed thereon.
- 5. A separate permit or certificate shall be required for each consignment of specimens.
- 6. A Management Authority of the State of import of any specimen shall cancel and retain the export permit or re-export certificate and any corresponding import permit presented in respect of the import of that specimen.
- 7. Where appropriate and feasible a Management Authority may affix a mark upon any specimen to assist in identifying the specimen. For these purposes "mark" means any indelible imprint, lead seal or other suitable means of identifying a specimen, designed in such a way as to render its imitation by unauthorized persons as diffcult as possible.

[The word "difficult" is misspelt in the *Government Gazette*, as reproduced above. It is spelt correctly in the official text of the Convention.]

## Article VII Exemptions and Other Special Provisions Relating to Trade

- 1. The provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to the transit or transhipment of specimens through or in the territory of a Party while the specimens remain in Customs control.
- 2. Where a Management Authority of the State of export or re-export is satisfied that a specimen was acquired before the provisions of the present Convention applied to that specimen, the provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to that specimen where the Management Authority issues a certificate to that effect.
- 3. The provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to specimens that are personal or household effects. This exemption shall not apply where:
  - (a) in the case of specimens of a species included in Appendix I, they were acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence, and are being imported into that State; or
  - (b) in the case of specimens of species included in Appendix II:
    - (i) they were acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence and in a State where removal from the wild occurred;
    - (ii) they are being imported into the owner's State of usual residence; and
    - (iii) the State where removal from the wild occurred requires the prior grant of export permits before any export of such specimens; unless a Management Authority is satisfied that the specimens were acquired before the provisions of the present Convention applied to such specimens.
- 4. Specimens of an animal species included in Appendix I bred in captivity for commercial purposes, or of a plant species included in Appendix I artificially propagated for commercial purposes, shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix II.

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5. Where a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any specimen of an animal species was bred in captivity or any specimen of a plant species was artificially propagated, or is a part of such an animal or plant or was derived there from, a certificate by that Management Authority to that effect shall be accepted in lieu of any of the permits or certificates required under the provisions of Article III, IV or V. VII6 VII6

## [The word "therefrom" should be written as one word. The numerals "VIII6 VIII6" do not appear in the official version of the Convention.)

6. The provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to the non-commercial loan, donation or exchange between scientists or scientific institutions registered by a Management Authority of their State, of herbarium specimens, other preserved, dried or embedded museum specimens, and live plant materials which carry a label issued or approved by a Management Authority.

### [The term "live plant material" is singular in the official text of the Convention.]

- 7. A Management Authority of any State may waive the requirements of Articles III, IV and V and allow the movement without permits or certificates of specimens which form part of a travelling zoo, circus, menagerie, plant exhibition or other travelling exhibition provided that:
  - (a) the exporter or importer registers full details of such specimens with that Management Authority;
  - (b) the specimens are in either of the categories specified in paragraph 2 or 5 of this Article: and
  - (c) the Management Authority is satisfied that any living specimen will be so transported and cared for as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

## Article VIII Measures to Be Taken by the Parties

- 1. The Parties shall take appropriate measures to enforce the provisions of the present Convention and to prohibit trade in specimens in violation thereof. These shall include measures:
  - (a) to penalize trade in, or possession of, such specimens, or both; and
  - (b) to provide for the confiscation or return to the State of export of such specimens.
- 2. In addition to the measures taken under paragraph 1 of this Article, a Party may, when it deems it necessary, provide for any method of internal reimbursement for expenses incurred as a result of the confiscation of a specimen traded in violation of the measures taken in the application of the provisions of the present Convention.
- 3. As far as possible, the Parties shall ensure that specimens shall pass through any formalities required for trade with a minimum of delay. To facilitate such passage, a Party may designate ports of exit and ports of entry at which specimens must be presented for clearance. The Parties shall ensure further that all living specimens, during any period of transit, holding or shipment, are properly cared for so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

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- 4. Where a living specimen is confiscated as a result of measures referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article:
  - (a) the specimen shall be entrusted to a Management Authority of the State of confiscation:
  - (b) the Management Authority shall, after consultation with the State of export, return the specimen to that State at the expense of that State, or to a rescue centre or such other place as the Management Authority deems appropriate and consistent with the purposes of the present Convention; and
  - (c) the Management Authority may obtain the advice of a Scientific Authority, or may, whenever it considers it desirable, consult the Secretariat in order to facilitate the decision under sub-paragraph (b) of this paragraph, including the choice of a rescue centre or other place.

[The word "subparagraph" in paragraph (c) appears without a hyphen in the official text of the Convention]

5. A rescue centre as referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article means an institution designated by a Management Authority to look after the welfare of living specimens, particularly those that have been confiscated. VIII6 VIII6

## [The numerals "VIII6 VIII6" do not appear in the official version of the Convention.]

- 6. Each Party shall maintain records of trade in specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III which shall cover:
  - (a) the names and addresses of exporters and importers; and
  - (b) the number and type of permits and certificates granted; the States with which such trade occurred; the numbers or quantities and types of specimens, names of species as included in Appendices I, II and III and, where applicable, the size and sex of the specimens in question. VIII7 VIII7

[The numerals "VIII7" do not appear in the official version of the Convention.]

- 7. Each Party shall prepare periodic reports on its implementation of the present Convention and shall transmit to the Secretariat:
  - (a) an annual report containing a summary of the information specified in subparagraph (b) of paragraph 6 of this Article; and

[The word "subparagraph" in paragraph (a) appears without a hyphen in the official text of the Convention, as in the *Government Gazette*, even though this is inconsistent with other usages of the term in the official text.]

- (b) a biennial report on legislative, regulatory and administrative measures taken to enforce the provisions of the present Convention.
- 8. The information referred to in paragraph 7 of this Article shall be available to the public where this is not inconsistent with the law of the Party concerned.

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## **Management and Scientific Authorities**

- 1. Each Party shall designate for the purposes of the present Convention:
- (a) one or more Management Authorities competent to grant permits or certificates on behalf of that Party; and
- (b) one or more Scientific Authorities.
- 2. A State depositing an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession shall at that time inform the Depositary Government of the name and address of the Management Authority authorized to communicate with other Parties and with the Secretariat.
- 3. Any changes in the designations or authorizations under the provisions of this Article shall be communicated by the Party concerned to the Secretariat for transmission to all other Parties.
- 4. Any Management Authority referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article shall, if so requested by the Secretariat or the Management Authority of another Party, communicate to it impression of stamps, seals or other devices used to authenticate permits or certificates.

## Article X Trade with States not Party to the Convention

Where export or re-export is to, or import is from, a State not a Party to the present Convention, comparable documentation issued by the competent authorities in that State which substantially conforms with the requirements of the present Convention for permits and certificates may be accepted in lieu thereof by any Party.

## Article XI Conference of the Parties

- 1. The Secretariat shall call a meeting of the Conference of the Parties not later than two years after the entry into force of the present Convention.
- 2. Thereafter the Secretariat shall convene regular meetings at least once every two years, unless the Conference decides otherwise and extraordinary meetings at any time on the written request of at least one-third of the Parties.
- 3. At meetings, whether regular or extraordinary, the Parties shall review the implementation of the present Convention and may:
  - (a) make such provision as may be necessary to enable the Secretariat to carry out its duties, and adopt financial provisions;

## [Paragraph (a) as it appears here incorporates the Amendment to Article XI of the Convention made at Bonn (Germany) on 22 June 1979, which Namibia has accepted.]

- (b) consider and adopt amendments to Appendices I and II in accordance with Article XV:
- (c) review the progress made towards the restoration and conservation of the species included in Appendices I, II and III;

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- (d) receive and consider any reports presented by the Secretariat or by any Party; and
- (e) where appropriate, make recommendations for improving the effectiveness of the present Convention.
- 4. At each regular meeting, the Parties may determine the time and venue of the next regular meeting to be held in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article.
- 5. At any meeting, the Parties may determine and adopt rules of procedure for the meeting.
- 6. The United Nations, its Specialized Agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency, as well as any State not a Party to the present Convention, may be represented at meetings of the Conference by observers, who shall have the right to participate but not to vote.
- 7. Any body or agency technically qualified in protection, conservation or management of wild fauna and flora, in the following categories, which has informed the Secretariat of its desire to be represented at meetings of the Conference by observers, shall be admitted unless at least one-third of the Parties present object:
  - (a) international agencies or bodies, either governmental or non- governmental, and national governmental agencies and bodies; and
  - (b) national non-governmental agencies or bodies which have been approved for this purpose by the State in which they are located. Once admitted, these observers shall have the right to participate but not to vote.

## Article XII The Secretariat

- 1. Upon entry into force of the present Convention, a Secretariat shall be provided by the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme. To the extent and in the manner he considers appropriate, he may be assisted by suitable inter-governmental or non-governmental international or national agencies and bodies technically qualified in protection, conservation and management of wild fauna and flora.
  - 2. The functions of the Secretariat shall be:
  - (a) to arrange for and service meetings of the Parties;
  - (b) to perform the functions entrusted to it under the provisions of Articles XV and XVI of the present Convention;
  - (c) to undertake scientific and technical studies in accordance with programmes authorized by the Conference of the Parties as will contribute to the implementation of the present Convention, including studies concerning standards for appropriate preparation and shipment of living specimens and the means of identifying specimens;
  - (d) to study the reports of Parties and to request from Parties such further information with respect thereto as it deems necessary to ensure implementation of the present Convention;

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- (e) to invite the attention of the Parties to any matter pertaining to the aims of the present Convention;
- (f) to publish periodically and distribute to the Parties current editions of Appendices I, II and III together with any information which will facilitate identification of specimens of species included in those Appendices;
- (g) to prepare annual reports to the Parties on its work and on the implementation of the present Convention and such other reports as meetings of the Parties may request;
- (h) to make recommendations for the implementation of the aims and provisions of the present Convention, including the exchange of information of a scientific or technical nature;
- (i) to perform any other function as may be entrusted to it by the Parties.

## Article XIII International Measures

- 1. When the Secretariat in the light of information received is satisfied that any species included in Appendix I or II is being affected adversely by trade in specimens of that species or that the provisions of the present Convention are not being effectively implemented, it shall communicate such information to the authorized Management Authority of the Party or Parties concerned.
- 2. When any Party receives a communication as indicated in paragraph 1 of this Article, it shall, as soon as possible, inform the Secretariat of any relevant facts insofar as its laws permit and, where appropriate, propose remedial action. Where the Party considers that an inquiry is desirable, such inquiry may be carried out by one or more persons expressly authorized by the Party.
- 3. The information provided by the Party or resulting from any inquiry as specified in paragraph 2 of this Article shall be reviewed by the next Conference of the Parties which may make whatever recommendations it deems appropriate.

## Article XIV Effect on Domestic Legislation and International Conventions

- 1. The provisions of the present Convention shall in no way affect the right of Parties to adopt:
  - (a) stricter domestic measures regarding the conditions for trade, taking, possession or transport of specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III, or the complete prohibition thereof; or
  - (b) domestic measures restricting or prohibiting trade, taking, possession or transport of species not included in Appendix I, II or III.
- 2. The provisions of the present Convention shall in no way affect the provisions of any domestic measures or the obligations of Parties deriving from any treaty, convention, or international agreement relating to other aspects of trade, taking, possession or transport of specimens which is in force or subsequently may enter into force for any Party including any measure pertaining to the Customs, public health, veterinary or plant quarantine fields.

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- 3. The provisions of the present Convention shall in no way affect the provisions of, or the obligations deriving from, any treaty, convention or international agreement concluded or which may be concluded between States creating a union or regional trade agreement establishing or maintaining a common external Customs control and removing Customs control between the parties thereto insofar as they relate to trade among the States members of that union or agreement.
- 4. A State party to the present Convention, which is also a party to any other treaty, convention or international agreement which is in force at the time of the coming into force of the present Convention and under the provisions of which protection is afforded to marine species included in Appendix II, shall be relieved of the obligations imposed on it under the provisions of the present Convention with respect to trade in specimens of species included in Appendix II that are taken by ships registered in that State and in accordance with the provisions of such other treaty, convention or international agreement.
- 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles III, IV and V, any export of a specimen taken in accordance with paragraph 4 of this Article shall only require a certificate from a Management Authority of the State of introduction to the effect that the specimen was taken in accordance with the provisions of the other treaty, convention or international agreement in question.
- 6. Nothing in the present Convention shall prejudice the codification and development of the law of the sea by the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea convened pursuant to Resolution 2750 C (XXV) of the General Assembly of the United Nations nor the present or future claims and legal views of any State concerning the law of the sea and the nature and extent of coastal and flag State jurisdiction.

## Article XV Amendments to Appendices I and II

- 1. The following provisions shall apply in relation to amendments to Appendices I and II at meetings of the Conference of the Parties:
  - (a) Any Party may propose an amendment to Appendix I or II for consideration at the next meeting. The text of the proposed amendment shall be communicated to the Secretariat at least 150 days before the meeting. The Secretariat shall consult the other Parties and interested bodies on the amendment in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraphs (b) and (c) of paragraph 2 of this Article and shall communicate the response to all Parties not later than 30 days before the meeting.
  - (b) Amendments shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of Parties present and voting. For these purposes "Parties present and voting" means Parties present and casting an affrmative or negative vote. Parties abstaining from voting shall not be counted among the two-thirds required for adopting an amendment.

[The word "affirmative" is misspelt in the *Government Gazette*, as reproduced above. It is spelt correctly in the official text of the Convention.]

(c) Amendments adopted at a meeting shall enter into force 90 days after that meeting for all Parties except those which make a reservation in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article.

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- 2. The following provisions shall apply in relation to amendments to Appendices I and II between meetings of the Conference of the Parties:
  - (a) Any Party may propose an amendment to Appendix I or II for consideration between meetings by the postal procedures set forth in this paragraph.
  - (b) For marine species, the Secretariat shall, upon receiving the text of the proposed amendment, immediately communicate it to the Parties. It shall also consult intergovernmental bodies having a function in relation to those species especially with a view to obtaining scientific data these bodies may be able to provide and to ensuring co-ordination with any conservation measures enforced by such bodies. The Secretariat shall communicate the views expressed and data provided by these bodies and its own findings and recommendations to the Parties as soon as possible.
  - (c) For species other than marine species, the Secretariat shall, upon receiving the text of the proposed amendment, immediately communicate it to the Parties, and, as soon as possible thereafter, its own recommendations.
  - (d) Any Party may, within 60 days of the date on which the Secretariat communicated its recommendations to the Parties under sub-paragraph (b) or (c) of this paragraph, transmit to the Secretariat any comments on the proposed amendment together with any relevant scientific data and information.
  - (e) The Secretariat shall communicate the replies received together with its own recommendations to the Parties as soon as possible.
  - (f) If no objection to the proposed amendment is received by the Secretariat within 30 days of the date the replies and recommendations were communicated under the provisions of sub-paragraph (e) of this paragraph, the amendment shall enter into force 90 days later for all Parties except those which make a reservation in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article.
  - (g) If an objection by any Party is received by the Secretariat, the proposed amendment shall be submitted to a postal vote in accordance with the provisions of subparagraphs (h), (i) and (j) of this paragraph.
  - (h) The Secretariat shall notify the Parties that notification of objection has been received.
  - (i) Unless the Secretariat receives the votes for, against or in abstention from at least one-half of the Parties within 60 days of the date of notification under subparagraph (h) of this paragraph, the proposed amendment shall be referred to the next meeting of the Conference for further consideration.
  - (j) Provided that votes are received from one-half of the Parties, the amendment shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of Parties casting an affirmative or negative vote.
  - (k) The Secretariat shall notify all Parties of the result of the vote.
  - (1) If the proposed amendment is adopted it shall enter into force 90 days after the date of the notification by the Secretariat of its acceptance for all Parties except those which make a reservation in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article.

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3. During the period of 90 days provided for by sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph 1 or sub-paragraph (l) of paragraph 2 of this Article any Party may by notification in writing to the Depositary Government make a reservation with respect to the amendment. Until such reservation is withdrawn the Party shall be treated as a State not a Party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the species concerned.

## Article XVI Appendix III and Amendments thereto

1. Any Party may at any time submit to the Secretariat a list of species which it identifies as being sub ject to regulation within its jurisdiction for the purpose mentioned in paragraph 3 of Article II. Appendix III shall include the names of the Parties submitting the species for inclusion therein, the scientific names of the species so submitted, and any parts or derivatives of the animals or plants concerned that are specified in relation to the species for the purposes of sub-paragraph (b) of Article I.

[The word "subject" should be written as one word, as it appears in the official text of the Convention.]

- 2. Each list submitted under the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall be communicated to the Parties by the Secretariat as soon as possible after receiving it. The list shall take effect as part of Appendix III 90 days after the date of such communication. At any time after the communication of such list, any Party may by notification in writing to the Depositary Government enter a reservation with respect to any species or any parts or derivatives, and until such reservation is withdrawn, the State shall be treated as a State not a Party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the species or part or derivative concerned.
- 3. A Party which has submitted a species for inclusion in Appendix III may withdraw it at any time by notification to the Secretariat which shall communicate the withdrawal to all Parties. The withdrawal shall take effect 30 days after the date of such communication.
- 4. Any Party submitting a list under the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall submit to the Secretariat a copy of all domestic laws and regulations applicable to the protection of such species, together with any interpretations which the Party may deem appropriate or the Secretariat may request. The Party shall, for as long as the species in question is included in Appendix III, submit any amendments of such laws and regulations or any interpretations as they are adopted.

## Article XVII Amendment of the Convention

1. An extraordinary meeting of the Conference of the Parties shall be convened by the Secretariat on the written request of at least one-third of the Parties to consider and adopt amendments to the present Convention. Such amendments shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of Parties present and voting. For these purposes "Parties present and voting" means Parties present and casting an affrmative or negative vote. Parties abstaining from voting shall not be counted among the two-thirds required for adopting an amendment.

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- 2. The text of any proposed amendment shall be communicated by the Secretariat to all Parties at least 90 days before the meeting.
- 3. An amendment shall enter into force for the Parties which have accepted it 60 days after two-thirds of the Parties have deposited an instrument of acceptance of the amendment with the Depositary Government. Thereafter, the amendment shall enter into force for any other Party 60 days after that Party deposits its instrument of acceptance of the amendment.

## Article XVIII Resolution of Disputes

1. Any dispute which may arise between two or more Parties with respect to the interpretation or application of the provisions of the present Convention shall be sub ject to negotiation between the Parties involved in the dispute.

[The word "subject" should be written as one word, as it appears in the official text of the Convention.]

2. If the dispute can not be resolved in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article, the Parties may, by mutual consent, submit the dispute to arbitration, in particular that of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, and the Parties submitting the dispute shall be bound by the arbitral decision.

[The term "can not" appears as one word in the official text of the Convention.]

## Article XIX Signature

The present Convention shall be open for signature at Washington until 30th April 1973 and thereafter at Berne until 31st December 1974.

## Article XX Ratification, Acceptance, Approval

The present Convention shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with the Government of the Swiss Confederation which shall be the Depositary Government.

## Article XXI Accession

The present Convention shall be open indefinitely for accession. Instruments of accession shall be deposited with the Depositary Government.

[Note that Namibia is not a party to the amendments to Article XXI agreed upon by the Parties to CITES at the second extraordinary meeting in Gaborone, Botswana, on 30 April 1983.]

## Article XXII Entry into Force

1. The present Convention shall enter into force 90 days after the date of deposit of the tenth instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, with the Depositary Government.

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2. For each State which ratifies, accepts or approves the present Convention or accedes thereto after the deposit of the tenth instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, the present Convention shall enter into force 90 days after the deposit by such State of its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession.

## Article XXIII Reservations

- 1. The provisions of the present Convention shall not be subject to general reservations. Specific reservations may be entered in accordance with the provisions of this Article and Articles XV and XVI.
- 2. Any State may, on depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, enter a specific reservation with regard to:
  - (a) any species included in Appendix I, II or III; or
  - (b) any parts or derivatives specified in relation to a species included in Appendix III.
- 3. Until a Party withdraws its reservation entered under the provisions of this Article, it shall be treated as a State not a Party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the particular species or parts or derivatives specified in such reservation.

## Article XXIV Denunciation

Any Party may denounce the present Convention by written notification to the Depositary Government at any time. The denunciation shall take effect twelve months after the Depositary Government has received the notification.

## Article XXV Depositary

- 1. The original of the present Convention, in the Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish languages, each version being equally authentic, shall be deposited with the Depositary Government, which shall transmit certified copies thereof to all States that have signed it or deposited instruments of accession to it.
- 2. The Depositary Government shall inform all signatory and acceding States and the Secretariat of signatures, deposit of instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, entry into force of the present Convention, amendments thereto, entry and withdrawal of reservations and notifications of denunciation.
- 3. As soon as the present Convention enters into force, a certified copy thereof shall be transmitted by the Depositary Government to the Secretariat of the United Nations for registration and publication in accordance with Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, being duly authorized to that effect, have signed the present Convention.

Done at Washington this third day of March, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-three.

Schedule 3: Appendices to Convention

## SCHEDULE 3 APPENDICES TO CONVENTION

(Section 1)

[The Appendices to CITES can be, and regularly are, amended by "the Conference of the Parties" under Articles XV and XVI of the Convention, and the amendments enter into force automatically for all parties.

However, section 11(1) of this Act states: "Whenever Appendices I, II or III is amended [sic], the Minister *must* by notice in the *Gazette* amend Schedule 3 accordingly." (emphasis added). In addition, section 1(3)(c) of this Act states: "Any provision of this Act is construed with reference to the Convention and any provision of the Convention is deemed to be part of this Act and for that purpose...
(c) a species is deemed to be included in an Appendix only if it appears in the relevant column of Schedule 3 and also subject to such further qualifications as set out in the relevant entry or such further notes as may appear in that Schedule." (emphasis added).

The version of the Appendices in the *Government Gazette* appears to be the one that was in force in 2008, when the Act was promulgated; subsequent amendments to the Appendices have been not been accompanied by amendments to Schedule 3 by notice in the *Gazette* as the Act requires.

The version of the Appendices on the CITES website < www.cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php> is updated regulalry to include the latest amendments to the CITES Appendices in a convenient table format, which differs from the original text of the Convention and its amendments. The table format from the CITES website has been copied in the *Government Gazette*, as reproduced below. The annotations here are based on the version of the Appendices which was effective as of 5 February 2015, as presented on the CITES website. It is advisable to consult this website for additional amendments.

In light of the sections of this Act quoted above, it is not clear what the position would be where the Minister has not carried out the mandatory duty imposed by section 11(3) of the Act to ensure that international amendments to the Appendices are incorporated into Schedule 3.]

Species included in these Appendices are referred to:

- a) by the name of the species; or
- b) as being all of the species included in a higher taxon or designated part thereof.

The abbreviation "spp" is used to denote all species of a higher taxon.

Other references to taxa higher than species are for the purposes of information or classification only.

The common names included after the scientific names of families are for reference only. They are intended to indicate the species within the family concerned that are included in the Appendices. In most cases this is not all of the species within the family.

The following abbreviations are used for plant taxa below the level of species:

- a) "ssp." is used to denote subspecies; and
- b) "var(s)" is used to denote variety (varieties).

As none of the species or higher taxa of FLORA included in Appendix I is annotated to the effect that its hybrids shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of Article III of the Convention, this means that artificially propagated hybrids produced from one or more of these species or taxa may be traded with a certificate of artificial propagation, and that seeds and pollen (including pollinia), cut flowers, seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or

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liquid media, transported in sterile containers of these hybrids are not subject to the provisions of the Convention.

The names of the countries in parentheses placed against the names of species in Appendix III are those of the Parties submitting these species for inclusion in this Appendix.

When a species is included in one of the Appendices, all parts and derivatives of the species are also included in the same Appendix unless the species is annotated to indicate that only specific parts and derivatives are included. The symbol "#" followed by a number placed against the name of a species or higher taxon included in Appendix II or III refers to a footnote that indicates the parts or derivatives of plants that are designated as 'specimens' subject to the provisions of the Convention in accordance with Article I, paragraph (b), subparagraph (iii).

Any number following a species (that is not preceded with the sign "#" as contemplated in the previous paragraph) in the table below refers to the footnote with the corresponding number following the table.

These notes are also part of the Schedule and must be read with the table below.

### ["Interpretation

- 1. Species included in these Appendices are referred to:
  - a) by the name of the species; or
  - b) as being all of the species included in a higher taxon or designated part thereof.
- 2. The abbreviation "spp." is used to denote all species of a higher taxon.
- 3. Other references to taxa higher than species are for the purposes of information or classification only. The common names included after the scientific names of families are for reference only. They are intended to indicate the species within the family concerned that are included in the Appendices. In most cases this is not all of the species within the family.
- 4. The following abbreviations are used for plant taxa below the level of species:
  - a) "ssp." is used to denote subspecies; and
  - b) "var(s)." is used to denote variety (varieties).
- 5. As none of the species or higher taxa of FLORA included in Appendix I is annotated to the effect that its hybrids shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of Article III of the Convention, this means that artificially propagated hybrids produced from one or more of these species or taxa may be traded with a certificate of artificial propagation, and that seeds and pollen (including pollinia), cut flowers, seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers of these hybrids are not subject to the provisions of the Convention.
- 6. The names of the countries in parentheses placed against the names of species in Appendix III are those of the Parties submitting these species for inclusion in this Appendix.
- 7. When a species is included in one of the Appendices, all parts and derivatives of the species are also included in the same Appendix unless the species is annotated to indicate that only specific parts and derivatives are included. The symbol # followed by a number placed against the name of a species or higher taxon included in Appendix II or III refers to a footnote that indicates the parts or derivatives of plants that are designated as 'specimens' subject to the provisions of the Convention in accordance with Article I, paragraph (b), subparagraph (iii).
- 8. The terms and expressions below, used in annotations in these Appendices, are defined as follows:

### Extract

Any substance obtained directly from plant material by physical or chemical means regardless of the manufacturing process. An extract may be solid (e.g. crystals, resin, fine or coarse particles), semisolid (e.g. gums, waxes) or liquid (e.g. solutions, tinctures, oil and essential oils).

Finished products packaged and ready for retail trade

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Schedule 3: Appendices to Convention

Products, shipped singly or in bulk, requiring no further processing, packaged, labelled for final use or the retail trade in a state fit for being sold to or used by the general public.

### Powder

A dry, solid substance in the form of fine or coarse particles

## Woodchips

Wood that has been reduced to small pieces".

The table below is copied exactly as it appears in the *Government Gazette*, with the differences from the 5 February 2015 version of the Appendices on the CITES website indicated in green.

Format discrepancies have not been annotated.]

Appendix I	Appendix II	Appendix III		
F A U N A (ANIMALS)				
	PHYLUM CHORDAT	`A		
C	LASS MAMMALIA (MAMM	ALS)		
ARTIODACTYLA				
Antilocapridae Pronghorn				
Antilocapra americana (Only the population of Mexico; no other population is included in the Appendices)				
Bovidae Antelopes, cattle, duikers	, gazelles, goats, sheep, etc.			
Addax nasomaculatus				
	Ammotragus lervia			
		Antilope cervicapra (Nepal, Pakistan)		
	Bison bison athabascae			
Bos gaurus (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as Bos frontalis, and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)				
Bos mutus (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as Bos grunniens, and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)				
Bos sauveli				
		Boselaphus tragocamelus (Pakistan)		
		Bubalus arnee (Nepal) (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as Bubalus bubalis)		
Bubalus depressicornis				
Bubalus mindorensis				

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Bubalus quarlesi		
1	Budorcas taxicolor	
Capra falconeri		
		Capra hircus aegagrus (Pakistan) (Specimens of the domesticated form are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)
		Capra sibirica (Pakistan)
Capricornis milneedwardsii		
Capricornis rubidus		
Capricornis sumatraensis		
Capricornis thar		
	Cephalophus brookei	
	Cephalophus dorsalis	
Cephalophus jentinki		
	Cephalophus ogilbyi	
	Cephalophus silvicultor	
	Cephalophus zebra	
	Damaliscus pygargus pygargus	
		Gazella bennettii (Pakistan)
Gazella cuvieri		
		Gazella dorcas (Algeria, Tunisia)
Gazella leptoceros		
Hippotragus niger variani		
	Kobus leche	
Naemorhedus baileyi		
Naemorhedus caudatus		
Naemorhedus goral		
Naemorhedus griseus		
Nanger dama		
Oryx dammah		
Oryx leucoryx		
	Ovis ammon (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
Ovis ammon hodgsonii		
Ovis ammon nigrimontana		
	Ovis canadensis (Only the population of Mexico; no other population is included in the Appendices)	

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Ovis orientalis ophion		
-	Ovis vignei (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
Ovis vignei vignei		
Pantholops hodgsonii		
	Philantomba monticola	
		Pseudois nayaur (Pakistan)
Pseudoryx nghetinhensis		
Rupicapra pyrenaica ornata	Rupicapra pyrenaica ornata	
	Saiga borealis	
	Saiga tatarica	
		Tetracerus quadricornis (Nepal)
Camelidae Guanaco, vicuna		
	Lama <del>glama</del> guanicoe	
Vicugna vicugna (Except the populations of: Argentina [the populations of the Provinces of Jujuy and Catamarca and the semi-captive populations of the Provinces of Jujuy, Salta, Catamarca, La Rioja and San Juan]; Bolivia [the whole population]; Chile [population of the Primera Regióën]; Ecuador [the whole population]; and Peru [the whole population] and the Plurinational State of Bolivia [the whole population], which are included in Appendix II)		
	Vicugna vicugna (Only the populations of Argentina¹ [the populations of the Provinces of Jujuy and Catamarca and the semi-captive populations of the Provinces of Jujuy, Salta, Catamarca, La Rioja and San Juan]; Bolivia² [the whole population]; Chile² [population of the Primera Región]; Ecuador³ [the whole population]; Peru⁴ [the whole population]; and the Plurinational State of Bolivia⁵ [the whole population]; all other populations are included in Appendix I)	
Cervidae Deer, guemals, muntjacs	, pudus	
Axis calamianensis		
Axis kuhlii		

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		A
		Axis porcinus (except the subspecies included in Appendix I) (Pakistan)
Axis porcinus annamiticus		
Blastocerus dichotomus		
	Cervus elaphus bactrianus	
		Cervus elaphus barbarus (Algeria, Tunisia)
Cervus elaphus hanglu		
Dama dama mesopotamica		
Hippocamelus spp.		
		Mazama temama cerasina (Guatemala)
Muntiacus crinifrons		
Muntiacus vuquangensis		
		Odocoileus virginianus mayensis (Guatemala)
Ozotoceros bezoarticus		
	Pudu mephistophiles	
Pudu puda		
Rucervus duvaucelii		
Rucervus eldii		
Hippopotamidae Hippopotamuses		
	Hexaprotodon liberiensis	
	Hippopotamus amphibius	
Moschidae Musk deer		
Moschusspp. (Only the populations of Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan; all other populations are included in Appendix II)		
	Moschus spp. (Except the populations of Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan, which are included in Appendix I)	
Suidae Babirusa, pygmy hog		
Babyrousa babyrussa		
Babyrousa bolabatuensis		
Babyrousa celebensis		
Babyrousa togeanensis		
Sus salvanius		

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Tayassuidae Peccaries		
	Tayassuidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I and the populations of <i>Pecari tajacu</i> of Mexico and the United States of America, which are not included in the Appendices)	
Catagonus wagneri		
CARNIVORA		
Ailuridae Red panda		
Ailurus fulgens		
Canidae Bush dog, foxes, wolves		
		Canis aureus (India)
Canis lupus (Only the populations of Bhutan, India, Nepal and Pakistan; all other populations are included in Appendix II. Excludes the domesticated form and the dingo which are referenced as Canis lupus familiaris and Canis lupus dingo.)		
	Canis lupus (Except the populations of Bhutan, India, Nepal and Pakistan, which are included in Appendix I. Excludes the domesticated form and the dingo which are referenced as Canis lupus familiaris and Canis lupus dingo.)	
	Cerdocyon thous	
	Chrysocyon brachyurus	
	Cuon alpinus	
	Lycalopex culpaeus	
	Lycalopex fulvipes	
	Lycalopex griseus	
	Lycalopex gymnocercus	
Speothos venaticus		
		Vulpes bengalensis (India)
	Vulpes cana	
		Vulpes vulpes griffthi (India)
		Vulpes vulpes montana (India)
		Vulpes vulpes pusilla (India)
	Vulpes zerda	

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Eupleridae Fossa, falanouc, Malag	asy civet		
	Cryptoprocta ferox		
	Eupleres goudotii		
	Fossa fossana		
Felidae Cats			
	Felidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I. Specimens of the domesticated form are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)		
Acinonyx jubatus (Annual export quotas for live specimens and hunting trophies are granted as follows: Botswana: 5; Namibia: 150; Zimbabwe: 50. The trade in such specimens is subject to the provisions of Article III of the Convention)			
Caracal caracal (Only the population of Asia; all other populations are included in Appendix II)			
Catopuma temminckii			
Felis nigripes			
Leopardus geoffroyi			
Leopardus jacobitus			
Leopardus pardalis			
Leopardus tigrinus			
Leopardus wiedii			
Lynx pardinus			
Neofelis nebulosa			
Panthera leo persica			
Panthera onca			
Panthera pardus			
Panthera tigris			
Pardofelis marmorata			
Prionailurus bengalensis bengalensis (Only the po- pulations of Bangladesh, India and Thailand; all other populations are included in Appendix II)			
Prionailurus planiceps			
<b>Prionailurus rubiginosus</b> (Only the population of India; all other populations are included in			

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Appendix II)					
Puma concolor coryi					
Puma concolor costaricensis					
Puma concolor couguar					
Puma yagouaroundi (Only the populations of Central and North America; all other populations are included in Appendix II)					
Uncia uncia					
Herpestidae Mongooses					
					Herpestes edwardsi (India, Pakistan)
					Herpestes fuscus (India)
					Herpestes javanicus (Pakistan)
					Herpestes javanicus auro- punctatus (India)
					Herpestes smithii (India)
					Herpestes urva (India)
					Herpestes vitticollis (India)
Hyaenidae Aardwolf, hyenas					
					Hyaena hyaena (Pakistan)
					Proteles cristata (Botswana)
Mephitidae Hog-nosed skunk					
	Conepatus	humbol	dtii		
Mustelidae Badgers, martens, weas	sels, etc.				
Lutrinae Otters					
	Lutrinae species incl	<b>spp.</b> luded in	(Except Appendix	the I)	
Aonyx capensis microdon (Only the populations of Cameroon and Nigeria; all other populations are included in Appendix II)					
Enhydra lutris nereis					
Lontra felina					
Lontra longicaudis					
Lontra provocax					
Lutra lutra					
Lutra nippon					
Pteronura brasiliensis					
Mustelinae Grisons, honey badger,	martens, ta	yra, wea	asels		
					Eira barbara (Honduras)

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		Galictis vittata (Costa Rica)
		Martes flavigula (India)
		Martes foina intermedia (India)
		Martes gwatkinsii (India)
		Mellivora capensis (Botswana)
		Mustela altaica (India)
		Mustela erminea ferghanae (India)
		Mustela kathiah (India)
Mustela nigripes		
		Mustela sibirica (India)
Odobenidae Walrus		
		Odobenus rosmarus (Canada)
Otariidae Fur seals, sealions		
	Arctocephalus spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Arctocephalus townsendi		
Phocidae Seals		
	Mirounga leonina	
Monachus spp.		
Procyonidae Coatis, kinkajou, olin	gos	
		Bassaricyon gabbii (Costa Rica)
		Bassariscus sumichrasti (Costa Rica)
		Nasua narica (Honduras)
		Nasua nasua solitaria (Uruguay)
		Potos flavus (Honduras)
Ursidae Bears, giant panda		
	Ursidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Ailuropoda melanoleuca		
Helarctos malayanus		
Melursus ursinus		
Tremarctos ornatus		
Ursus arctos (Only the populations of Bhutan, China, Mexico and Mongolia; all other populations are included in Appendix II)		

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ngs, otter-civet, palm civets	
	Arctictis binturong (India)
	Civettictis civetta (Botswana)
Cynogale bennettii	
Hemigalus derbyanus	
	Paguma larvata (India)
	Paradoxurus hermaphroditus (India)
	Paradoxurus jerdoni (India)
Prionodon linsang	
	Viverra civettina (India)
	Viverra zibetha (India)
	Viverricula indica (India)
hales	
<b>CETACEA spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I. A zero annual export quota has been established for live specimens from the Black Sea population of <i>Tursiops truncatus</i> removed from the wild and traded for primarily commercial purposes)	
whales	
rorquals	
	Cynogale bennettii  Hemigalus derbyanus  Prionodon linsang  Phales  CETACEA spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I. A zero annual export quota has been established for live specimens from the Black Sea population of Tursiops truncatus removed from the wild and traded for primarily commercial purposes)  whales

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Delphinidae Dolphins		
Orcaella brevirostris		
Orcaella heinsohni		
Sotalia spp.		
Sousa spp.		
Eschrichtiidae Grey whale		
Eschrichtius robustus		
Iniidae River dolphins		
Lipotes vexillifer		
Neobalaenidae Pygmy right whale		
Caperea marginata		
Phocoenidae Porpoises		
Neophocaena phocaenoides		
Phocoena sinus		
Physeteridae Sperm whales		
Physeter catodon macrocephalus		
Platanistidae River dolphins		
Platanista spp.		
Ziphiidae Beaked whales, bottle-n	osed whales	
Berardius spp.		
Hyperoodon spp.		
CHIROPTERA		
Phyllostomidae Broad-nosed bat		
		Platyrrhinus lineatus (Uruguay)
Pteropodidae Fruit bats, flying fox	es	
	Acerodon spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Acerodon jubatus		
	Pteropus spp. (Except Pteropus brunneus and the species included in Appendix I)	
Pteropus insularis		
Pteropus loochoensis		
Pteropus mariannus		
Pteropus molossinus		
Pteropus pelewensis		
Pteropus pilosus		
Pteropus samoensis		
Pteropus tonganus		

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Pteropus ualanus		
Pteropus yapensis		
CINGULATA		
Dasypodidae Armadillos		
		Cabassous centralis (Costa Rica)
		Cabassous tatouay (Uruguay)
	Chaetophractus nationi (A zero annual export quota has been established. All specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly)	
Priodontes maximus		
DASYUROMORPHIA		
Dasyuridae Dunnarts	T	T
Sminthopsis longicaudata		
Sminthopsis psammophila		
Thylacinidae Tasmanian wolf, thy	<del>lacine</del>	
Thylacinus cynocephalus (possibly extinct)		
DIPROTODONTIA		
Macropodidae Kangaroos, wallabi	es	
	Dendrolagus inustus	
	Dendrolagus ursinus	
Lagorchestes hirsutus		
Lagostrophus fasciatus		
Onychogalea fraenata		
Onychogalea lunata		
Phalangeridae Cuscuses		
	Phalanger intercastellanus	
	Phalanger mimicus	
	Phalanger orientalis	
	Spilocuscus kraemeri	
	Spilocuscus maculatus	
	Spilocuscus papuensis	
Potoroidae Rat-kangaroos		
Bettongia spp.		
Caloprymnus campestris (possibly extinct)		
Vombatidae Northern hairy-nosed	wombat	

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Lasiorhinus krefftii		
LAGOMORPHA		
Leporidae Hispid hare, volcano ral	bbit	
Caprolagus hispidus		
Romerolagus diazi		
MONOTREMATA		
Tachyglossidae Echidnas, spiny ar	nteaters	
	Zaglossus spp.	
PERAMELEMORPHIA		
Chaeropodidae Pig footed bandice	<del>oots</del>	
Chaeropusecaudatus (possibly extinct)		
Peramelidae Bandicoots, echymipe	eras	
Perameles bougainville		
Thylacomyidae Bilbies		
Macrotis lagotis		
Macrotis leucura		
PERISSODACTYLA		
Equidae Horses, wild asses, zebras	3	
<b>Equus africanus</b> (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as <i>Equus asinus</i> , and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)		
Equus grevyi		
	Equus hemionus (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
<b>Equus hemionus hemionus</b>		
Equus hemionus khur		
	Equus kiang	
Equus przewalskii		
	Equus zebra hartmannae	
Equus zebra zebra		
Rhinocerotidae Rhinoceroses		
Rhinocerotidae spp. (Except the subspecies included in Appendix II)		
	Ceratotherium simum simum (Only the populations of South Africa and Swaziland; all other populations are included in Appendix I. For the exclusive	

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	purpose of allowing international trade in live animals to appropriate and acceptable destinations and hunting trophies. All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly)	
Tapiridae Tapirs		
<b>Tapiridae spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix II)		
	Tapirus terrestris	
PHOLIDOTA		
Manidae Pangolins		
	Manis spp. (A zero annual export quota has been established for <i>Manis crassicaudata</i> , <i>M. culionensis</i> , <i>M. javanica</i> and <i>M. pentadactyla</i> for specimens removed from the wild and traded for primarily commercial purposes)	
PILOSA		
Bradypodidae Three-toed sloth		
	Bradypus pygmaeus	
	Bradypus variegatus	
Megalonychidae Two-toed sloth		
		Choloepus hoffmanni (Costa Rica)
Myrmecophagidae American antea	aters	
	Myrmecophaga tridactyla	
		Tamandua mexicana (Guatemala)
PRIMATES Apes, monkeys		
	<b>PRIMATES spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Atelidae Howler and prehensile-ta	iled monkeys	
Alouatta coibensis		
Alouatta palliata		
Alouatta pigra		
Ateles geoffroyi frontatus		
Ateles geoffroyi panamensis		
Brachyteles arachnoides		
Brachyteles hypoxanthus		
Oreonax flavicauda		

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Cebidae New World monkeys		
Callimico goeldii		
Callithrix aurita		
Callithrix flaviceps		
Leontopithecus spp.		
Saguinus bicolor		
Saguinus geoffroyi		
Saguinus leucopus		
Saguinus martinsi		
Saguinus oedipus		
Saimiri oerstedii		
Cercopithecidae Old World monke	eys	
Cercocebus galeritus		
Cercopithecus diana		
Cercopithecus roloway		
Macaca silenus		
Mandrillus leucophaeus		
Mandrillus sphinx		
Nasalis larvatus		
Piliocolobus kirkii		
Piliocolobus rufomitratus		
Presbytis potenziani		
Pygathrix spp.		
Rhinopithecus spp.		
Semnopithecus ajax		
Semnopithecus dussumieri		
Semnopithecus entellus		
Semnopithecus hector		
Semnopithecus hypoleucos		
Semnopithecus priam		
Semnopithecus schistaceus		
Simias concolor		
Trachypithecus geei		
Trachypithecus pileatus		
Trachypithecus shortridgei		
Cheirogaleidae Dwarf lemurs		
Cheirogaleidae spp.		
Daubentoniidae Aye-aye		

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Daubentonia madagascariensis		
Hominidae Chimpanzees, gorilla, o	orang-utan	
Gorilla beringei		
Gorilla gorilla		
Pan spp.		
Pongo abelii		
Pongo pygmaeus		
Hylobatidae Gibbons		
Hylobatidae spp.		
Indriidae Avahi, indris, sifakas, wo	oolly lemurs	
Indriidae spp.		
Lemuridae Large lemurs		
Lemuridae spp.		
Lepilemuridae Sportive lemurs		
Lepilemuridae spp.		
Lorisidae Lorises		
Nycticebus spp.		
Pithecidae Sakis and uakaris		
Cacajao spp.		
Chiropotes albinasus		
PROBOSCIDEA		
Elephantidae Elephants		
Elephas maximus		
Loxodonta africana (Except the populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe, which are included in Appendix II)		
	Loxodonta Aafricana <sup>6</sup> (Only the populations of <b>Botswana</b> , <b>Namibia</b> , <b>South Africa</b> and <b>Zimbabwe</b> ; all other populations are included in Appendix I)	
RODENTIA		
Chinchillidae Chinchillas		
Chinchilla spp. (Specimens of the domesticated form are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)		
Cuniculidae Paca		
		Cuniculus paca (Honduras)
Dasyproctidae Agouti		

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Erethizontidae New World porce	upines	(Honduras)
		Sphiggurus mexicanus (Honduras)
		Sphiggurus spinosus (Uruguay)
Muridae Mice, rats	,	- 1
Leporillus conditor		
Pseudomys fieldi praeconis		
Xeromys myoides		
Zyzomys pedunculatus		
Sciuridae Ground squirrels, tree	squirrels	
Cynomys mexicanus		
		Marmota caudata (India)
		Marmota himalayana (India)
	Ratufa <b>spp.</b>	
		Sciurus deppei (Costa Rica)
SCANDENTIA Tree shrews		
	SCANDENTIA spp.	
Tupaiidae Tree shrews		
	Tupaiidae spp.	
SIRENIA		
Dugongidae Dugong		
Dugong dugon		
Trichechidae Manatees		
Trichechus inunguis		
Trichechus manatus		
Trichechus senegalensis	Trichechus senegalensis	
	CLASS AVES (BIRDS)	
ANSERIFORMES		
Anatidae Ducks, geese, swans, e	etc.	
Anas aucklandica		
	Anas bernieri	
Anas chlorotis		
	Anas formosa	
Anas laysanensis		
Anas nesiotis		
Anas oustaleti Asarcornis scutulata		

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<u> </u>	T	
Branta canadensis leucopareia		
	Branta ruficollis	
Branta sandvicensis		
		Cairina moschata (Honduras)
Cairina scutulata		
	Coscoroba coscoroba	
	Cygnus melancoryphus	
	Dendrocygna arborea	
		Dendrocygna autumnalis (Honduras)
		Dendrocygna bicolor (Honduras)
	Oxyura leucocephala	
Rhodonessa caryophyllacea (possibly extinct)		
	Sarkidiornis melanotos	
APODIFORMES		
Trochilidae Hummingbirds		
	<b>Trochilidae spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Glaucis dohrnii		
CHARADRIIFORMES		
Burhinidae Thick-knee		
		Burhinus bistriatus
		(Guatemala)
Laridae Gull	1	
Larus relictus		
Scolopacidae Curlews, greenshan	ks	
Numenius borealis		
Numenius tenuirostris		
Tringa guttifer		
CICONIIFORMES		
Balaenicipitidae Shoebill, whale-l	neaded stork	
	Balaeniceps rex	
Ciconiidae Storks		
Ciconia boyciana		
	Ciconia nigra	
Jabiru mycteria		
Mycteria cinerea		
Phoenicopteridae Flamingos	1	ı

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	Phoenicopteridae spp.	
Threskiornithidae Ibises, spoo	onbills	
	Eudocimus ruber	
	Geronticus calvus	
Geronticus eremita		
Nipponia nippon		
	Platalea leucorodia	
COLUMBIFORMES	·	
Columbidae Doves, pigeons		
Caloenas nicobarica		
Ducula mindorensis		
	Gallicolumba luzonica	
	Goura spp.	
		Nesoenas mayeri (Mauritius)
CORACIIFORMES		
Bucerotidae Hornbills		
	Aceros spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Aceros nipalensis		
	Anorrhinus spp.	
	Anthracoceros spp.	
	Berenicornis spp.	
	Buceros spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Buceros bicornis		
	Penelopides spp.	
Rhinoplax vigil		
	Rhyticeros spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Rhyticeros subruficollis		
CUCULIFORMES		
Musophagidae Turacos		
	Tauraco spp.	
FALCONIFORMES Eagles,	falcons, hawks, vultures	
	FALCONIFORMES spp.  (Except the species included in Appendices I and III and the species of the family Cathartidae)  (Except Caracara lutosa and the species of the family Cathartidae, which are not	

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	included in the Appendices;	
	and the species included in	
A	Appendices I and III)	
Accipitridae Hawks, eagles		
Aquila adalberti		
Aquila heliaca		
Chondrohierax uncinatus wilsonii		
<i>wilsonii</i>		
Haliaeetus albicilla		
Harpia harpyja		
Pithecophaga jefferyi		
Cathartidae New World vultures		
Gymnogyps californianus		
		Sarcoramphus papa (Honduras)
Vultur gryphus		
Falconidae Falcons		1
Falco araeus		
Falco jugger		
Falco newtoni (Only the population of Seychelles)		
Falco pelegrinoides		
Falco peregrinus		
Falco punctatus		
Falco rusticolus		
GALLIFORMES	1	
Cracidae Chachalacas, currassov	vs, guans	
		Crax alberti (Colombia)
Crax blumenbachii		
		Crax daubentoni (Colombia)
		Crax globulosa (Colombia)
		Crax rubra (Colombia, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras)
Mitu mitu		
Oreophasis derbianus		
		Ortalis vetula (Guatemala, Honduras)
		Pauxi pauxi (Colombia)
Penelope albipennis		
		Penelope purpurascens

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		(Honduras)
		Penelopina nigra
		(Guatemala)
Pipile jacutinga		
Pipile pipile		
Megapodiidae Megapodes, scru	bfowl	
Macrocephalon maleo		
Phasianidae Grouse, guineafowl	l, partridges, pheasants, tragopans	
		Arborophila campbelli (Malaysia)
		Arborophila charltonii (Malaysia)
	Argusianus argus	
		Caloperdix oculeus (Malaysia)
Catreus wallichii		
Colinus virginianus ridgwayi		
Crossoptilon crossoptilon		
Crossoptilon mantchuricum		
	Gallus sonneratii	
	Ithaginis cruentus	
Lophophorus impejanus		
Lophophorus lhuysii		
Lophophorus sclateri		
Lophura edwardsi		
		Lophura erythrophthalma (Malaysia)
		Lophura ignita (Malaysia)
		Lophura leucomelanos (Pakistan)
Lophura imperialis		
Lophura swinhoii		
		Melanoperdix niger (Malaysia)
		Meleagris ocellata (Guatemala)
		Pavo cristatus (Pakistan)
	Pavo muticus	
	Polyplectron bicalcaratum	
	Polyplectron germaini	
_		Polyplectron inopinatum (Malaysia)

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	Polyplectron malacense	
Polyplectron napoleonis		
	Polyplectron schleiermacheri	
		Pucrasia macrolopha (Pakistan)
Rheinardia ocellata		
		Rhizothera dulitensis (Malaysia)
		Rhizothera longirostris (Malaysia)
		Rollulus rouloul (Malaysia)
Syrmaticus ellioti		
Syrmaticus humiae		
Syrmaticus mikado		
Tetraogallus caspius		
Tetraogallus tibetanus		
Tragopan blythii		
Tragopan caboti		
Tragopan melanocephalus		
		Tragopan satyra (Nepal)
Tympanuchus cupido attwateri	Tympanuchus cupido attwateri	
GRUIFORMES	1	
Gruidae Cranes		
	<b>Gruidae spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Grus americana		
Grus canadensis nesiotes		
Grus canadensis pulla		
Grus japonensis		
Grus leucogeranus		
Grus monacha		
Grus nigricollis		
Grus vipio		
Otididae Bustards	•	
	Otididae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Ardeotis nigriceps		
Chlamydotis macqueenii		
Chlamydotis undulata		
Houbaropsis bengalensis		
Rallidae Rail	1	1

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Gallirallus sylvestris		
Rhynochetidae Kagu		
Rhynochetos jubatus		
PASSERIFORMES	1	
Atrichornithidae Scrub-bird		
Atrichornis clamosus		
Cotingidae Cotingas		
		Cephalopterus ornatus (Colombia)
		Cephalopterus penduliger (Colombia)
Cotinga maculata		
	Rupicola spp.	
Xipholena atropurpurea		
Emberizidae Cardinals, tanagers		
	Gubernatrix cristata	
	Paroaria capitata	
	Paroaria coronata	
	Tangara fastuosa	
Estrildidae Mannikins, waxbills		
	Amandava formosa	
	Lonchura oryzivora	
	Poephila cincta cincta	
Fringillidae Finches		
Carduelis cucullata		
	Carduelis yarrellii	
Hirundinidae Martin		
Pseudochelidon sirintarae		
Icteridae Blackbird		
Xanthopsar flavus		
Meliphagidae Honeyeater		
Lichenostomus melanops cassidix		
Muscicapidae Old World flycatch	ers	
		Acrocephalus rodericanus (Mauritius)
	Cyornis ruckii	
Dasyornis broadbenti litoralis (possibly extinct)		
Dasyornis longirostris		
	Garrulax canorus	

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	Garrulax taewanus	
	Leiothrix argentauris	
	Leiothrix lutea	
	Liocichla omeiensis	
Picathartes gymnocephalus		
Picathartes oreas		
		Terpsiphone bourbonnensis (Mauritius)
Paradisaeidae Birds of paradise		
	Paradisaeidae spp.	
Pittidae Pittas		
	Pitta guajana	
Pitta gurneyi		
Pitta kochi		
	Pitta nympha	
Pycnonotidae Bulbul	l	1
	Pycnonotus zeylanicus	
Sturnidae Mynahs (Starlings)		
	Gracula religiosa	
Leucopsar rothschildi	-	
Zosteropidae White-eye		
Zosterops albogularis		
PELECANIFORMES		
Fregatidae Frigatebird		
Fregata andrewsi		
Pelecanidae Pelican		
Pelecanus crispus		
Sulidae Booby	<u> </u>	I
Papasula abbotti		
PICIFORMES		
Capitonidae Barbet		
		Semnornis ramphastinus (Colombia)
Picidae Woodpeckers	1	
<del>Campephilus imperialis</del>		
Dryocopus javensis richardsi		
Ramphastidae Toucans	l	1
-		Baillonius bailloni (Argentina)

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	Pteroglossus aracari	
	0	Pteroglossus castanotis
		(Argentina)
	Pteroglossus viridis	
		Ramphastos dicolorus (Argentina)
	Ramphastos sulfuratus	
	Ramphastos toco	
	Ramphastos tucanus	
	Ramphastos vitellinus	
		Selenidera maculirostris (Argentina)
PODICIPEDIFORMES		
Podicipedidae Grebe		
Podilymbus gigas		
PROCELLARIIFORMES		
Diomedeidae Albatross		
Phoebastria albatrus		
PSITTACIFORMES		
	PSITTACIFORMES spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I and Agapornis roseicollis, Melopsittacus undulatus, Nymphicus hol landicus and Psittacula krameri, which are not included in the Appendices)	
Cacatuidae Cockatoos	1	
Cacatua <del>goffni</del> goffiniana		
Cacatua haematuropygia		
Cacatua moluccensis		
Cacatua sulphurea		
Probosciger aterrimus		
Loriidae Lories, lorikeets		
Eos histrio		
Vini ultramarina		
Psittacidae Amazons, macaws, par	akeets, parrots	
Amazona arausiaca		
Amazona auropalliata		
Amazona barbadensis		
Amazona brasiliensis		
Amazona finschi		

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Amazona guildingii		
Amazona imperialis		
Amazona leucocephala		
Amazona oratrix		
Amazona pretrei		
Amazona rhodocorytha		
Amazona tucumana		
Amazona versicolor		
Amazona vinacea		
Amazona viridigenalis		
Amazona vittata		
Anodorhynchus spp.		
Ara ambiguus		
Ara glaucogularis (Often traded		
under the incorrect designation Ara caninde)		
Ara macao		
Ara militaris		
Ara rubrogenys		
Cyanopsitta spixii		
Cyanoramphus cookii		
Cyanoramphus forbesi		
Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae		
Cyanoramphus saisseti		
Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni		
Eunymphicus cornutus  Geopsittacus occidentalis		
(possibly extinct)		
Guarouba guarouba		
Neophema chrysogaster		
Ognorhynchus icterotis		
Pezoporus occidentalis (Possibly extinct)		
Pezoporus wallicus		
Pionopsitta pileata	<u> </u>	
Primolius couloni		
Primolius maracana	<u> </u>	
Psephotus chrysopterygius		
Psephotus dissimilis		
Psephotus pulcherrimus		
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(possibly extinct)		
Psittacula echo		
Pyrrhura cruentata		
Rhynchopsitta spp.		
Strigops habroptilus		
RHEIFORMES		
Rheidae Rheas		
<b>Pterocnemia pennata</b> (Except <i>Pterocnemia pennata pennata</i> which is included in Appendix II)		
	Pterocnemia pennata pennata	
	Rhea americana	
SPHENISCIFORMES		
Spheniscidae Penguins		
	Spheniscus demersus	
Spheniscus humboldti		
STRIGIFORMES Owls		
	<b>STRIGIFORMES spp.</b> (Except <i>Sceloglaux albifacies</i> and the species included in Appendix I)	
Strigidae Owls		
Heteroglaux blewitti		
Mimizuku gurneyi		
Ninox natalis		
Ninox novaeseelandiae undulata		
Tytonidae Barn owls		
Tyto soumagnei		
STRUTHIONIFORMES		
Struthionidae Ostrich		
Struthio camelus (Only the populations of Algeria, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, the Central African Republic, Chad, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, the Niger, Nigeria, Senegal and the Sudan; all other populations are not included in the Appendices)		
TINAMIFORMES		
Tinamidae Tinamous		
Tinamus solitarius		
TROGONIFORMES		
Trogonidae Quetzals		

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Pharomachrus mocinno		
	CLASS REPTILIA (REPTILES)	
CROCODYLIA Alligators, caiman	ns, crocodiles	
	CROCODYLIA spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Alligatoridae Alligators, caimans		
Alligator sinensis		
Caiman crocodilus apaporiensis		
Caiman latirostris (Except the population of Argentina, which is included in Appendix II)		
Melanosuchus niger (Except the population of Brazil, which is included in Appendix II, and the population of Ecuador, which is included in Appendix II and is subject to a zero annual export quota until an annual export quota has been approved by the CITES Secretariat and the IUCN/SSC Crocodile Specialist Group)		
Crocodylidae Crocodiles		
Crocodylus acutus (Except the population of Cuba, which is included in Appendix II)		
Crocodylus cataphractus		
Crocodylus intermedius		
Crocodylus mindorensis		
Crocodylus moreletii [except the populations of Belize and Mexico which are included in Appendix II with a zero quota for wild specimens traded for commercial purposes]		
Crocodylus niloticus [Except the populations of Botswana, Egypt (subject to a zero quota for wild specimens traded for commercial purposes), Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Uganda, the United Republic of Tanzania (subject to an annual export quota of no more than 1,600 wild specimens including hunting trophies, in addition to ranched specimens), Zambia and Zimbabwe, which		

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are included in Amendia III		
are included in Appendix II]		
Crocodylus palustris		
Crocodylus porosus (Except the populations of Australia, Indonesia and Papua New Guinea, which are included in Appendix II)		
Crocodylus rhombifer		
Crocodylus siamensis		
Osteolaemus tetraspis		
Tomistoma schlegelii		
Gavialidae Gavial		
Gavialis gangeticus		
RHYNCHOCEPHALIA		
Sphenodontidae Tuatara		
Sphenodon spp.		
SAURIA		
Agamidae Agamas, mastigures		
	Saara spp.	
	Uromastyx spp.	
Chamaeleonidae Chameleons		
	Archaius spp.	
	Bradypodion spp.	
	Brookesia spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Brookesia perarmata		
	Calumma spp.	
	Chamaeleo spp.	
	Furcifer spp.	
	Kinyongia spp.	
	Nadzikambia <b>spp.</b>	
	Trioceros spp.	
Cordylidae Spiny-tailed lizards		
	Cordylus spp.	
Gekkonidae Geckos		
	Cyrtodactylus serpensinsula	
		Hoplodactylus spp. (New Zealand)
	Nactus serpensinsula	
	Naultinus spp.	Naultinus spp. (New Zealand)

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	Phelsuma <b>spp.</b>	
	Uroplatus spp.	
Helodermatidae Beaded lizar	d, gila monster	
	Heloderma <b>spp.</b> (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
Heloderma horridum charlesbogerti		
Iguanidae Iguanas		
	Amblyrhynchus cristatus	
Brachylophus spp.		
	Conolophus spp.	
	Ctenosaura bakeri	
	Ctenosaura oedirhina	
	Ctenosaura melanosterna	
	Ctenosaura oedirhina	
	Ctenosaura palearis	
Cyclura spp.		
	Iguana spp.	
	Phrynosoma blainvillii	
	Phrynosoma cerroense	
	Phrynosoma coronatum	
	Phrynosoma wigginsi	
Sauromalus varius		
Lacertidae Lizards	,	
Gallotia simonyi		
	Podarcis lilfordi	
	Podarcis pityusensis	
Scincidae Skinks		
	Corucia zebrata	
Teiidae Caiman lizards, tegu	lizards	
	Crocodilurus amazonicus	
	Dracaena spp.	
	Tupinambis spp.	
Varanidae Monitor lizards		
	Varanus spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Varanus bengalensis		
Varanus flavescens		
Varanus griseus		

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Varanus komodoensis		
Varanus nebulosus		
Xenosauridae Chinese crocodile	lizard	
	Shinisaurus crocodilurus	
SERPENTES Snakes		
Boidae Boas		
	Boidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Acrantophis spp.		
Boa constrictor occidentalis		
Epicrates inornatus		
Epicrates monensis		
Epicrates subflavus		
Sanzinia madagascariensis		
Bolyeriidae Round Island boas	•	
	<b>Bolyeriidae spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Bolyeria multocarinata		
Casarea dussumieri		
Colubridae Typical snakes, water	r snakes, whipsnakes	
		Atretium schistosum (India)
		Cerberus rynchops (India)
	Clelia clelia	
	Cyclagras gigas	
	Elachistodon westermanni	
	Ptyas mucosus	
		Xenochrophis piscator (India)
Elapidae Cobras, coral snakes		
	Hoplocephalus bungaroides	
		Micrurus diastema (Honduras)
		Micrurus nigrocinctus (Honduras)
	Naja atra	
	Naja kaouthia	
	Naja mandalayensis	
	Naja naja	
	Naja oxiana	
	Naja philippinensis	

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	Naja sagittifera	
	Naja samarensis	
	Naja siamensis	
	Naja sputatrix	
	Naja sumatrana	
	Ophiophagus hannah	
Loxocemidae Mexican dwarf boa		
	Loxocemidae spp.	
Pythonidae Pythons		
	<b>Pythonidae spp.</b> (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
Python molurus molurus		
Tropidophiidae Wood boas		
	Tropidophiidae spp.	
Viperidae Vipers		
		Crotalus durissus (Honduras)
		Daboia russelii (India)
	Trimeresurus mangshanensis	
Vipera ursinii (Only the population of Europe, except the area which formerly constituted the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; these latter populations are not included in the Appendices)		
	Vipera wagneri	
TESTUDINES		
Carettochelyidae Pig-nosed turtles		
	Carettochelys insculpta	
Chelidae Austro-American side-ne	ecked turtles	
	Chelodina mccordi (Zero export quota for specimens from the wild)	
Pseudemydura umbrina		
Cheloniidae Marine turtles		
Cheloniidae spp.		
Chelydridae Snapping turtles		
		Macrochelys temminckii
		(United States of America)
Dermatemydidae Central America		
	Dermatemys mawii	

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Dermochelyidae Leatherback	turtle	
Dermochelys coriacea		
Emydidae Box turtles, freshw	rater turtles	
	Clemmys guttata	
	Emydoidea blandingii	
	Glyptemys insculpta	
Glyptemys muhlenbergii		
		Graptemys spp. (United States of America)
	Malaclemys terrapin	
	Terrapene spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Terrapene coahuila		
Geoemydidae Box turtles, fre	shwater turtles	,
Batagur affinis		
Batagur baska		
	Batagur borneoensis <sup>7</sup>	
	Batagur dhongoka	
	Batagur kachuga	
	Batagur trivittata <sup>7</sup>	
	Callagur borneoensis	
	Cuora spp. (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes for Cuora aurocapitata, C. flavomarginata, C. galbinifrons, C. mccordi, C. mouhotii, C. pani, C. trifasciata, C. yunnanensis and C. zhoui)	
	Cyclemys spp.	
Geoclemys hamiltonii		
	Geoemyda japonica	
	Geoemyda spengleri	Geoemyda spengleri (China)
	Hardella thurjii	
	Heosemys annandalii <sup>7</sup>	
	Heosemys depressa <sup>7</sup>	
	Heosemys grandis	
	Heosemys spinosa	
	Kachuga spp.	
	Leucocephalon yuwonoi	
	Malayemys macrocephala	

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	Malayemys subtrijuga	
	Mauremys annamensis <sup>7</sup>	
		Mauremys iversoni (China)
	Mauremys japonica	
		Mauremys megalocephala (China)
	Mauremys mutica	
	Mauremys nigricans	Mauremys nigricans (China)
		Mauremys pritchardi (China)
		Mauremys reevesii (China)
		Mauremys sinensis (China)
Melanochelys tricarinata		
	Melanochelys trijuga	
Morenia ocellata		
	Morenia petersi	
	Notochelys platynota	
		Ocadia glyphistoma (China)
		Ocadia philippeni (China)
	Orlitia borneensis <sup>7</sup>	
	Pangshura spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Pangshura tecta		
	Sacalia bealei	Sacalia bealei (China)
		Sacalia pseudocellata (China)
	Sacalia quadriocellata	Sacalia quadriocellata (China)
	Siebenrockiella crassicollis	
	Siebenrockiella leytensis	
	Vijayachelys silvatica	
Platysternidae Big-headed to	urtle	
Platysternidae <b>spp.</b>	Platysternon megacephalum	
Podocnemididae Afro-Amer	rican side-necked turtles	
	Erymnochelys madagascariensis	
	Peltocephalus dumerilianus	
	Podocnemis spp.	
Testudinidae Tortoises	•	•
	<b>Testudinidae spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I A zero annual export quota has been established for <i>Geochelone</i>	

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	sulcata for specimens removed	
	from the wild and traded for primarily commercial purposes)	
Astrochelys radiata	primarity commercial purposes)	
Astrochelys yniphora		
Chelonoidis nigra		
-		
Geochelone platynota		
Gopherus flavomarginatus		
Psammobates geometricus		
Pyxis arachnoides		
Pyxis planicauda		
Testudo kleinmanni		
Trionychidae Softshell turtles,	terrapins	1
	Amyda cartilaginea	
Apalone spinifera atra		
Aspideretes gangeticus		
Aspideretes hurum		
Aspideretes nigricans		
	<i>Chitra</i> <b>spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Chitra chitra		
Chitra vandijki		
	Dogania subplana	
	Lissemys ceylonensis	
	Lissemys punctata	
	Lissemys scutata	
	Nilssonia formosa	
Nilssonia gangetica		
Nilssonia hurum		
	Nilssonia leithii	
Nilssonia nigricans		
	Palea steindachneri	Palea steindachneri (China)
	Pelochelys spp.	
	Pelodiscus axenaria	Pelodiscus axenaria (China)
	Pelodiscus maackii	Pelodiscus maackii (China)
	Pelodiscus parviformis	Pelodiscus parviformis (China)
	Rafetus swinhoei	Rafetus swinhoei (China)
	CLASS AMPHIBIA (AMPHIBIA)	
ANURA	,	*
· <del></del>		_

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Aromobatidae Fragrant frogs		
Thomodulade Tragram nogs	Allobates femoralis	
	Allobates hodli	
	Allobates myersi	
	Allobates rufulus	
	Allobates zaparo	
Bufonidae Toads	πιουμίες χαραίο	
Amietophrynus superciliaris		
Altiphrynoides spp.		
Atelopus zeteki		
Bufo periglenes		
Bufo superciliaris		
Incilius periglenes		
Nectophrynoides spp.		
Nimbaphrynoides spp.		
Spinophrynoides spp.		
Calyptocephalellidae Chilean t	oads	
		Calyptocephalella gayi (Chile)
Dendrobatidae Poison frogs		
	Allobates femoralis	
	Cryptophyllobates azurei ventris	
	Allobates zaparo	
	Adelphobates spp.	
	Ameerega spp.	
	Andinobates spp.	
	Dendrobates spp.	
	Epipedobates spp.	
	Excidobates spp.	
	Hyloxalus azureiventris	
	Minyobates spp.	
	Oophaga spp.	
	Oophaga spp. Phyllobates spp.	
Dicroglossidae Frogs	Phyllobates spp.	
Dicroglossidae Frogs	Phyllobates spp.	
Dicroglossidae Frogs	Phyllobates spp.  Ranitomeya spp.	
Dicroglossidae Frogs  Hylidae Tree frogs	Phyllobates spp.  Ranitomeya spp.  Euphlyctis hexadactylus	

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Mantellidae Mantellas		
	Mantella spp.	
Microhylidae Red rain frog,	tomato frog	
Dyscophus antongilii		
	Scaphiophryne gottlebei	
Myobatrachidae Gastric-broo	oding frogs	
	Rheobatrachus spp. (Except Rheobatrachus silus and Rheobatrachus vitellinus)	
Ranidae Frogs		
	Euphlyctis hexadactylus	
	Hoplobatrachus tigerinus	
CAUDATA		•
Ambystomatidae Axolotls		
	Ambystoma dumerilii	
	Ambystoma mexicanum	
Cryptobranchidae Hellbende	er and Giant salamanders	
Andrias spp.		
		Cryptobranchus alleganiensis (United States of America)
Hynobiidae Asiatic salamano	ders	
		Hynobius amjiensis (China)
Salamandridae Newts and sa	lamanders	
Neurergus kaiseri		
	CLASS ELASMOBRANCHII (SI	HARKS)
CARCHARHINIFORMES		
Carcharhinidae Requiem sha	rks	
	Carcharhinus longimanus	
Sphyrnidae Hammerhead sha	arks	
	Sphyrna lewini	
	Sphyrna mokarran	
	Sphyrna zygaena	
LAMNIFORMES		
Cetorhinidae Basking shark		
	Cetorhinus maximus	
Lamnidae Great white shark		
	Carcharodon carcharias	
Lamnidae Mackerel sharks		
	Carcharodon carcharias	

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	Lamna nasus	
ORECTOLOBIFORMES		
Rhincodontidae Whale shark		
	Rhincodon typus	
RAJIFORMES PRISTIFORMES	Talline Cach Typus	
Pristidae Sawfishes		
Pristidae spp. (Except the		
species included in Appendix II)		
	Pristis microdon (For the	
	exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in live animals	
	to appropriate and acceptable	
	aquaria for primarily conservation purposes)	
RAJIFORMES	r P P P P P P P	
Mobulidae Mobulid rays		
	Manta spp.	
C	LASS ACTINOPTERYGII (FISH	ES)
ACIPENSERIFORMES Paddlefis		·
	ACIPENSERIFORMES spp.	
	(Except the species included in	
	Appendix I)	
Acipenseridae Sturgeons	1	
Acipenser brevirostrum		
Acipenser sturio		
ANGUILLIFORMES		
Anguillidae Freshwater eels	1	
	Anguilla anguilla (Entry into	
	force delayed 18 months, i.e. until 13 March 2009)	
CYPRINIFORMES	I .	
Catostomidae Cui-ui		
Chasmistes cujus		
Cyprinidae Blind carps, plaeesok	•	
	Caecobarbus geertsi	
Probarbus jullieni		
OSTEOGLOSSIFORMES	1	
Osteoglossidae Arapaima, bonyto	ngue Arapaimidae Arapaimas	
	1	
	Arapaima gigas	
Osteoglossidae Bonytongue	Arapaima gigas	
Osteoglossidae Bonytongue Scleropages formosus 8	Arapaima gigas	

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Labridae Wrasses		
	Cheilinus undulatus	
Sciaenidae Totoaba		
Totoaba macdonaldi		
SILURIFORMES		
Pangasiidae Pangasid catfish		
Pangasianodon gigas		
SYNGNATHIFORMES		
Syngnathidae Pipefishes, seahorse	S	
	Hippocampus spp.	
CLAS	SS SARCOPTERYGII (LUNGFI	SHES)
CERATODONTIFORMES		
Ceratodontidae Australian lungfisl	1	
	Neoceratodus forsteri	
COELACANTHIFORMES		
Latimeriidae Coelacanths		
Latimeria spp.		
PH	YLUM ECHINODERM	ATA
CLASS I	HOLOTHUROIDEA (SEA CUCU	JMBERS)
ASPIDOCHIROTIDA		
Stichopodidae Sea cucumbers		
		Isostichopus fuscus (Ecuador)
P	HYLUM ARTHROPOD	A
CLASS A	RACHNIDA (SCORPIONS AND	SPIDERS)
ARANEAE		
Theraphosidae Red-kneed tarantul	as, tarantulas	
	Aphonopelma albiceps	
	Aphonopelma pallidum	
	Brachypelma spp.	
SCORPIONES		
Scorpionidae Scorpions		
	Pandinus dictator	
	Pandinus gambiensis	
	Pandinus imperator	
	CLASS INSECTA (INSECTS)	
COLEOPTERA		
Lucanidae Cape stag beetles		
		Colophon spp. (South Africa)

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Scarabaeidae Scarab beetles		
	Dynastes satanas	
LEPIDOPTERA		
Nymphalidae Brush-footed butte	rflies	
		Agrias amydon boliviensis (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
		Morpho godartii lachaumei (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
		Prepona praeneste buckleyana(Plurinational State of Bolivia)
Papilionidae Birdwing butterflies	s, swallowtail butterflies	
	Atrophaneura jophon	
	Atrophaneura pandiyana	
	Bhutanitis spp.	
	Ornithoptera spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Ornithoptera alexandrae		
Papilio chikae		
Papilio homerus		
Papilio hospiton	Papilio hospiton	
	Parnassius apollo	
	Teinopalpus spp.	
	Trogonoptera spp.	
	Troides spp.	
	PHYLUM ANNELIDA	
(	CLASS HIRUDINOIDEA (LEECH	IES)
ARHYNCHOBDELLIDA		
Hirudinidae Medicinal leech		1
	Hirudo medicinalis	
	Hirudo verbana	
	PHYLUM MOLLUSCA	A
	SS BIVALVIA (CLAMS AND MU	USSELS)
MYTILOIDA		
Mytilidae Marine mussels		1
	Lithophaga lithophaga	
UNIONOIDA		
Unionidae Freshwater mussels, p	pearly mussels	
Conradilla caelata		

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	Cyprogenia aberti	
Dromus dromas		
Epioblasma curtisi		
Epioblasma florentina		
Epioblasma sampsonii		
Epioblasma sulcata perobliqua		
Epioblasma torulosa gubernaculum		
	Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	
Epioblasma torulosa torulosa		
Epioblasma turgidula		
Epioblasma walkeri		
Fusconaia cuneolus		
Fusconaia edgariana		
Lampsilis higginsii		
Lampsilis orbiculata orbiculata		
Lampsilis satur		
Lampsilis virescens		
Plethobasus cicatricosus		
Plethobasus cooperianus		
	Pleurobema clava	
Pleurobema plenum		
Potamilus capax		
Quadrula intermedia		
Quadrula sparsa		
Toxolasma cylindrella		
Unio nickliniana		
Unio tampicoensis tecomatensis		
Villosa trabalis		
VENEROIDA		
Tridacnidae Giant clams		
	Tridacnidae spp.	
CLASS (	GASTROPODA (SNAILS AND C	ONCHES)
ARCHAEOGASTROPODA		
Haliotidae Abalones		
		Haliotis midae (South Africa)
MESOGASTROPODA		
Strombidae Queen conch		
	Strombus gigas	

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STYLOMMATOPHORA		
Achatinellidae Agate snails, oahu	tree snails	
Achatinella spp.		
Camaenidae Green tree snail		
	Papustyla pulcherrima	
	PHYLUM CNIDARIA	
CLASS A	ANTHOZOA (CORALS, SEA AN	EMONES)
ANTIPATHARIA Black corals		
	ANTIPATHARIA spp.	
GORGONACEAE		
Coralliidae		
		Corallium elatius (China)
		Corallium japonicum (China)
		Corallium konjoi (China)
		Corallium secundum (China)
HELIOPORACEA		
Helioporidae Blue corals		
	Helioporidae spp. (Includes only the species <i>Heliopora coerulea</i> . Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
SCLERACTINIA Stony corals		
	SCLERACTINIA spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
STOLONIFERA		
Tubiporidae Organ-pipe corals		
	<b>Tubiporidae spp.</b> (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
(SEA FER	CLASS HYDROZOA NS, FIRE CORALS, STINGING	MEDUSAE)
MILLEPORINA		
Milleporidae Fire corals		
	Milleporidae spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
STYLASTERINA		
Stylasteridae Lace corals		
	<b>Stylasteridae spp.</b> (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	

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	F L O R A (PLANTS)	
AGAVACEAE Agaves	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Agave parviflora		
	Agave victoriae-reginae #1 #4	
	Nolina interrata	
	Yucca queretaroensis	
AMARYLLIDACEAE Snow	drops, sternbergias	
	Galanthus spp. #1 #4	
	Sternbergia spp. #1 #4	
ANACARDIACEAE Cashew	VS	
	Operculicarya decaryi	
	Operculicarya hyphaenoides	
	Operculicarya pachypus	
APOCYNACEAE Elephant t	runks, hoodias	
	Hoodia <b>spp.</b> #9	
	Pachypodium spp. #1 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Pachypodium ambongense		
Pachypodium baronii		
Pachypodium decaryi		
	Rauvolfia serpentine #2 #2	
ARALIACEAE Ginseng		
	Panax ginseng #3 #3 Only the population of the Russian Federation; no other population is included in the Appendices)	
	Panax quinquefolius #3 #3	
ARAUCARIACEAE Monke	y-puzzle tree	
Araucaria araucana		
BERBERIDACEAE May-app	ple	
	Podophyllum hexandrum #2 #2	
BROMELIACEAE Air plants	s, bromelias	
	Tillandsia harrisii #1 #4	
	Tillandsia kammii #1 #4	
	Tillandsia kautskyi #1	
	Tillandsia mauryana #1 #4	
	Tillandsia sprengeliana #1	
	Tillandsia sucrei #1	
	Tillandsia xerographica #1 #4	

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CACTACEAE Cacti		
	CACTACEAE spp. <sup>6</sup> H4 H4 (Except the species included in Appendix I and except <i>Pereskia</i> spp., <i>Pereskiopsis</i> spp. and <i>Quiabentia</i> spp.)	
Ariocarpus spp.		
Astrophytum asterias		
Aztekium ritteri		
Coryphantha werdermannii		
Discocactus spp.		
Echinocereus ferreirianus spp. lindsayi		
<del>lindsayi</del>		
Echinocereus schmollii		
Escobaria minima		
Escobaria sneedii		
Mammillaria pectinifera		
Mammillaria solisioides		
Melocactus conoideus		
Melocactus deinacanthus		
Melocactus glaucescens		
Melocactus paucispinus		
Obregonia denegrii		
Pachycereus militaris		
Pediocactus bradyi		
Pediocactus knowltonii		
Pediocactus paradinei		
Pediocactus peeblesianus		
Pediocactus sileri		
Pelecyphora spp.		
Sclerocactus brevihamatus spp. tobuschii		
Sclerocactus erectocentrus		
Sclerocactus glaucus		
Sclerocactus mariposensis		
Sclerocactus mesae-verdae		
Sclerocactus nyensis		
Sclerocactus papyracanthus		
Sclerocactus pubispinus		

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	T	
Sclerocactus wrightiae		
Strombocactus spp.		
Turbinicarpus spp.		
Uebelmannia <b>spp.</b>		
CARYOCARACEAE Ajo		
	Caryocar costaricense #1 #4	
COMPOSITAE (Asteraceae) Kuth	1	
Saussurea costus		
CRASSULACEAE Dudleyas		
	<del>Dudleya stolonifera</del>	
	<del>Dudleya traskiae</del>	
CUCURBITACEAE Melons, gour	rds, cucurbits	
	Zygosicyos pubescens	
	Zygosicyos tripartitus	
CUPRESSACEAE Alerce, cypres	ses	
Fitzroya cupressoides		
Pilgerodendron uviferum		
CYATHEACEAE Tree-ferns		
	Cyathea <b>spp.</b> #1 #4	
CYCADACEAE Cycads		
	CYCADACEAE spp. #1 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Cycas beddomei		
DICKSONIACEAE Tree-ferns		
	Cibotium barometz #1 #4	
	<i>Dicksonia</i> <b>spp.</b> #1 <sup>#4</sup> (Only the populations of the Americas; no other population is included in the Appendices)	
DIDIEREACEAE Alluaudias, didiereas		
	DIDIEREACEAE spp. #1 #4	
DIOSCOREACEAE Elephants foot, kniss		
	Dioscorea deltoidea #1 #4	
DROSERACEAE Venus' flytrap		
	Dionaea muscipula #1 #4	
EBENACEAE Ebonies		
	Diospyros spp. #5 (Populations of Madagascar)	
EUPHORBIACEAE Spurges		

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	Euphorbia spp. #1 #4 (Succulent species only except the species included in Appendix I. Artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of Euphorbia trigona, artificially propagated specimens of crested, fanshaped or colour mutants of Euphorbia lactea, when grafted on artificially propagated root stock of Euphorbia neriifolia, and artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of Euphorbia Milii when they are traded in shipments of 100 or more plants and readily recognizable as artificially propagated specimens, are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
Euphorbia ambovombensis	,	
Euphorbia capsaintemariensis		
<b>Euphorbia cremersii</b> (Includes the <i>forma viridifolia</i> and the var. <i>rakotozafyi</i> )		
Euphorbia cylindrifolia (Includes the ssp. tuberifera)		
<b>Euphorbia decaryi</b> (Includes the vars. <i>ampanihyensis, robinsonii</i> and <i>spirosticha</i> )		
Euphorbia francoisii		
Euphorbia moratii (Includes thevars. antsingiensis, bemarahensis and multiflora)		
Euphorbia parvicyathophora		
Euphorbia quartziticola		
Euphorbia tulearensis		
FAGACEAE Beeches		
		Quercus mongolica #5 (Russian Federation)
FOUQUIERIACEAE Ocotillos		
	Fouquieria columnaris #1 #4	
Fouquieria fasciculata		
Fouquieria purpusii		
GNETACEAE Gnetums	T	I
		Gnetum montanum #1 (Nepal)
JUGLANDACEAE Gavilan		T
	Oreomunnea pterocarpa #1 #4	

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LAURACEAE Laurels		
	Aniba rosaeodora #12	
LEGUMINOSAE (Fabacea	e) Afrormosia, cristobal, rosewood, sandal	lwood
	Caesalpinia echinata #10 #10	
	Dalbergia spp. #5 (Populations of Madagascar)	
		Dalbergia calycina#6 [Population of Guatemala] (Guatemala)
	Dalbergia cochinchinensis #5	
		Dalbergia cubilquitzensis #6 [Population of Guatemala] (Guatemala)
		Dalbergia darienensis #2 [population of Panama (Panama)]
		Dalbergia glomerata #6 [Population of Guatemala] (Guatemala)
	Dalbergia granadillo <sup>#6</sup>	
Dalbergia nigra		
	Dalbergia retusa *6	
	Dalbergia stevensonii <sup>#6</sup>	
		Dalbergia tucurensis **6 (Nicaragua. In addition, Guatemala has listed its national population)
		Dalbergia retusa #5 [population of Guatemala (Guatemala)] Dalbergia stevensonii #5 [population of Guatemala (Guatemala)] Dipteryx panamensis (Costa Rica, Nicaragua)
	Pericopsis elata #5 #5	
	Platymiscium pleiostachyum	
	Pterocarpus santalinus #7 #7	
	Senna meridionalis	
LILIACEAE Aloes		I
	Aloe spp. #1 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I. Also excludes Aloe vera, also referenced as Aloe barbadensis which is not included in the Appendices)	
Aloe albida		

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Aloe albiflora Aloe alfredii Aloe bakeri Aloe bellatula Aloe calcairophila Aloe compressa (Includes the vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)		
Aloe bakeri  Aloe bellatula  Aloe calcairophila  Aloe compressa (Includes the vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)		
Aloe bellatula Aloe calcairophila Aloe compressa (Includes the vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)		
Aloe calcairophila  Aloe compressa (Includes the vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)		
Aloe compressa (Includes the vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)		
vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)		
41 111 .		
Aloe delphinensis		
Aloe descoingsii		
Aloe fragilis		
Aloe haworthioides (Includes the var. aurantiaca)		
Aloe helenae		
Aloe laeta (Includes the var. maniaensis)		
Aloe parallelifolia		
Aloe parvula		
Aloe pillansii		
Aloe polyphylla		
Aloe rauhii		
Aloe suzannae		
Aloe versicolor		
Aloe vossii		
MAGNOLIACEAE Magnolia		
		Magnolia liliifera <b>var.</b> obovata #1 <sup>#1</sup> (Nepal)
MELIACEAE Mahoganies, Spanish	West Indian cedar	
		Cedrela fissilis #5 (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
		Cedrela lilloi #5 (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
		Cedrela odorata #5 #5 [Population of Colombia (Colombia) Population of Guatemala (Guatemala) Population of Peru (Peru)] (Brazil and the Plurinational State of Bolivia. In addition, the following countries have listed their national populations: Colombia, Guatemala and Peru)
	Swietenia humilis #1 #4	
	Swietenia macrophylla # <del>6</del> <sup>#6</sup>	

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	(Populations of the Neotropics)	
	Swietenia mahagoni #5 #5	
NEPENTHACEAE Pitcher-plants		
THE EXTENSES THERE PRINTS	Nepenthes <b>spp.</b> #1 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Nepenthes khasiana		
Nepenthes rajah		
OLEACEAE Ashes, etc.		
		Fraxinus mandshurica #5 (Russian Federation)
ORCHIDACEAE Orchids		
	ORCHIDACEAE spp. <sup>7-</sup> #1  10 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
(For all of the following Appendix-I species, seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro in vitro, in solid or liquid media, and transported in sterile containers are not subject to the provisions of the Convention only if the specimens meet the definition of 'artificially propagated' agreed by the Conference of the Parties)		
Aerangis ellisii		
Dendrobium cruentum		
Laelia jongheana		
Laelia lobata		
Paphiopedilum spp.		
Peristeria elata		
Phragmipedium spp.		
Renanthera imschootiana		
OROBANCHACEAE Broomrape		
	Cistanche deserticola #1 #4	
PALMAE (Arecaceae) Palms		
	Beccariophoenix madagascariensis#1 #4	
Chrysalidocarpus decipiens		
	Lemurophoenix halleuxii	
		Lodoicea maldivica #13 (Seychelles)
	Marojejya darianii	
	Neodypsis decaryi #1 #4	

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	Ravenea louvelii	
	Ravenea rivularis	
	Satranala decussilvae	
	Voanioala gerardii	
PAPAVERACEAE Poppy	voumoula gerardii	
TATA VERACEAL TOppy		Meconopsis regia #1 #1 (Nepal)
PASSIFLORACEAE Passion	n_flowers	Meconopsis regiu ## (Nepai)
1 ASSII LORACLAL I assioi	Adenia firingalavensis	
	Adenia olaboensis	
	Adenia subsessilifolia	
PEDALIACEAE Sesames	Adenia suosessiigoita	
FEDALIACEAE Sesames	Unaguing anandidiani	
	Uncarina grandidieri	
PINACEAE Guatemala fir F	Uncarina stellulifera	
	irs and pines	T
Abies guatemalensis		D: 1 : #5 (D :
		Pinus koraiensis <sup>#5</sup> (Russian Federation)
PODOCARPACEAE Podoca	arps	,
		Podocarpus neriifolius #1 #1 (Nepal)
Podocarpus parlatorei		
PORTULACACEAE Lewisi	as, portulacas, purslanes	
	Anacampseros spp. #1 #4	
	Avonia spp. #1 #4	
	Lewisia serrata #1 #4	
PRIMULACEAE Cyclamens	3	1
	Cyclamen <b>spp.</b> § 11 #1 #4	
PROTEACEAE Proteas		
	Orothamnus zeyheri #1	
	Protea odorata #1	
RANUNCULACEAE Golde	n seals, yellow adonis, yellow root	
	Adonis vernalis #2_#2	
	Hydrastis Canadensis #8 #8	
ROSACEAE African cherry,	stinkwood	•
	Prunus africana #1 #4	
RUBIACEAE Ayugue	1	•
Balmea stormiae		
SANTALACEAE Sandalwoo	ods	•
	Osyris lanceolata <sup>#2</sup> (Populations	
	I	1

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	CD 11 Ed. 1 IV	
	of Burundi, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Uganda and the United	
	Republic of Tanzania)	
SARRACENIACEAE Pitcher-pla	nts (New World)	
	Sarracenia spp. #1 #4 (Except the	
	species included in Appendix I)	
Sarracenia oreophila		
Sarracenia rubra <b>spp.</b> alabamensis		
Sarracenia rubra spp. jonesii		
SCROPHULARIACEAE Kutki		
	Picrorhiza kurrooa #2 #2	
	(Excludes <i>Picrorhiza</i> scrophulariiflora)	
STANGERIACEAE Stangerias	seropinian igiora)	
STANGERIACEAE Stangerias	Bowenia spp. #1 #4	
a	Вожени <b>spp.</b> #1	
Stangeria eriopus		
TAXACEAE Himalayan yew	T	Г
	Taxus chinensis and infraspecific taxa infraspecific taxa of this	
	species #2 #2	
	Taxus cuspidata and infraspecific	
	taxa infraspecific taxa of this species 9-12 #2 #2	
	Taxus fuana and infraspecific taxa infraspecific taxa of this species #2 #2	
	Taxus sumatrana and infraspecific taxa of this species #2 #2	
	Taxus wallichiana #2 #2	
THYMELAEACEAE (Aquilariac	eae) Agarwood, ramin	
	Aquilaria <b>spp.</b> #1 #14	
	Gonystylus spp. #1 #4	
	Gyrinops spp. #1 #14	
TROCHODENDRACEAE (Tetra	centraceae) Tetracentron	
		Tetracentron sinense #1 #1 (Nepal)
VALERIANACEAE Himalayan s	pikenard	
	Nardostachys grandiflora #2 #2	
VITACEAE Grapes	•	•
	Cyphostemma elephantopus	
	Cyphostemma laza	
1	1	<u>I</u>

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Schedule 3: Appendices to Convention

	Cyphostemma montagnacii	
WELWITSCHIACEAE Welwitsc	hia	
	Welwitschia mirabilis #1 #4	
ZAMIACEAE Cycads		
	ZAMIACEAE spp. #1 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
Ceratozamia spp.		
Chigua spp.		
Encephalartos spp.		
Microcycas calocoma		
ZINGIBERACEAE Ginger lily		
	Hedychium philippinense #1 #4	
ZYGOPHYLLACEAE Lignum-v	itae	
	Bulnesia sarmientoi #11 (Argentina)	Bulnesia sarmientoi #11- (Argentina)
	Guaiacum <b>spp.</b> #2 #2	

[On the CITES website, the notes below appear as footnotes to specific entries in the appendices. The format utilised in the *Government Gazette* does not make this entirely clear. The notes published in the *Gazette* are now outdated and are therefore struck out. The notes which were effective as of 5 February 2015 are listed in green below the outdated notes which appear in the *Gazette*.]

- 1. Population of Argentina (listed in Appendix II): For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas, in cloth, and in derived manufactured products and other handicraft artefacts. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words "VICUÑA ARGENTINA". Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation "VICUÑA ARGENTINA ARTESANÍA". All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.
- 2. Population of Bolivia (listed in Appendix II): For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas, and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words 'VICUÑA-BOLIVIA'. Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation 'VICUÑA-BOLIVIA ARTESAN'IA'. All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.
- 3. Population of Chile (listed in Appendix II): For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas, and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words "VICUÑA CHILE". Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation "VICUÑAA CHILE"

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ARTESANÍA". All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

- 4. Population of Peru (listed in Appendix II): For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas and in the stock extant at the time of the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties (November 1994) of 3249 kg of wool, and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words "VICUÑA PERÚ". Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation "VICUÑA PERÚ ARTESANÚA". All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.
- 5. Populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe (listed in Appendix II): For the exclusive purpose of allowing:
  - a) trade in hunting trophies for non-commercial purposes;
  - b) trade in live animals to appropriate and acceptable destinations, as defined in Resolution Conf. 11.20, for Botswana and Zimbabwe and for in situ conservation programmes for Namibia and South Africa;
  - c) trade in hides;
  - d) trade in hair;
  - e) trade in leather goods for commercial or non-commercial purposes for Botswana, Namibia and South Africa and for non-commercial purposes for Zimbabwe;
  - trade in individually marked and certified ekipas incorporated in finished jewellery for non-commercial purposes for Namibia and ivory carvings for non-commercial purposes for Zimbabwe;
  - g) trade in registered raw ivory (for Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe, whole tusks and pieces) subject to the following:
    - i) only registered government owned stocks, originating in the State (excluding seized ivory and ivory of unknown origin);
    - ii) only to trading partners that have been verified by the Secretariat, in consultation with the Standing committee, to have sufficient national legislation and domestic trade controls to ensure that the imported ivory will not be re-exported and will be managed in accordance with all requirements of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP14) concerning domestic manufacturing and trade;
    - iii) not before the Secretariat has verified the prospective importing countries and the registered government owned stocks;
    - iv) raw ivory pursuant to the conditional sale of registered government owned ivory stocks agreed at CoP12, which are 20,000 kg (Botswana), 10,000 kg (Namibia) and 30,000 kg (South Africa);

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- v) in addition to the quantities agreed at CoP12, government owned ivory from Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe registered by 31 January 2007 and verified by the Secretariat may be traded and despatched, with the ivory in paragraph g) iv) above, in a single sale per destination under strict supervision of the Secretariat;
- vi) the proceeds of the trade are used exclusively for elephant conservation and community conservation and development programmes within or adjacent to the elephant range; and
- vii) the additional quantities specified in paragraph g) v) above shall be traded only after the Standing committee has agreed that the above conditions have been met; and
- h) no further proposals to allow trade in elephant ivory from populations already in Appendix II shall be submitted to the Conference of the Parties for the period from CoP14 and ending nine years from the date of the single sale of ivory that is to take place in accordance with provisions in paragraphs g) i), g) ii), g) iii), g) vii) and g) vii). In addition such further proposals shall be dealt with in accordance with Decisions 14.77 and 14.78.

On a proposal from the Secretariat, the Standing committee can decide to cause this trade to cease partially or completely in the event of non-compliance by exporting or importing countries, or in the case of proven detrimental impacts of the trade on other elephant populations. All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

- 6. Artificially propagated specimens of the following hybrids and/or cultivars are not subject to the provisions of the Convention: "Hatiora x graeseri" Schlumbergera x buckleyi "Schlumbergera russelliana x Schlumbergera truncata" Schlumbergera orssichiana x Schlumbergera truncata" Schlumbergera opuntioides x Schlumbergera truncata" Schlumbergera truncata (cultivars) "Cactaceae spp. colour mutants lacking chlorophyll, grafted on the following grafting stocks: Harrisia 'Jusbertii', Hylocereus trigonus or Hylocereus undatus "Opuntia microdasys (cultivars)".
- 7. Artificially propagated hybrids of the following genera are not subject to the provisions of the Convention, if conditions, as indicated under a) and b), are met: Cymbidium, Dendrobium, Phalaenopsis and Vanda:
  - a) Specimens are readily recognizable as artificially propagated and do not show any signs of having been collected in the wild such as mechanical damage or strong dehydration resulting from collection, irregular growth and heterogeneous size and shape within a taxon and shipment, algae or other epiphyllous organisms adhering to leaves, or damage by insects or other pests; and
  - b) i) when shipped in non-flowering state, the specimens must be traded in shipments consisting of individual containers (such as cartons, boxes, crates or individual shelves of CC containers) each containing 20 or more plants of the same hybrid; the plants within each container must exhibit a high degree of uniformity and healthiness; and the shipment must be accompanied by documentation, such as an invoice, which clearly states the number of plants of each hybrid; or

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ii) when shipped in flowering state, with at least one fully open flower per specimen, no minimum number of specimens per shipment is required but specimens must be professionally processed for commercial retail sale, e.g. labelled with printed labels or packaged with printed packages indicating the name of the hybrid and the country of final processing. This should be clearly visible and allow easy verification.

Plants not clearly qualifying for the exemption must be accompanied by appropriate CITES documents.

- 8. Artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of Cyclamen persicum are not subject to the provisions of the Convention. However, the exemption does not apply to such specimens traded as dormant tubers.
- 9. Artificially propagated hybrids and cultivars of Taxus cuspidata, live, in pots or other small containers, each consignment being accompanied by a label or document stating the name of the taxon or taxa and the text 'artificially propagated', are not subject to the provisions of the Convention.
  - #1 All parts and derivatives, except:
  - a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);
  - b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
  - c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
  - d) fruits and parts and derivatives thereof of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.
  - #2 All parts and derivatives except:
  - a) seeds and pollen; and
  - b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.
  - #3 Whole and sliced roots and parts of roots.
  - #4 All parts and derivatives, except:
  - a) seeds, except those from Mexican cacti originating in Mexico, and pollen;
  - b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers:
  - c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
  - d) fruits and parts and derivatives thereof of naturalized or artificially propagated plants; and
  - e) separate stem joints (pads) and parts and derivatives thereof of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Opuntia subgenus Opuntia.

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- #5 Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.
- #6 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets and plywood.
- #7 Logs, wood-chips, powder and extracts.
- #8 Underground parts (i.e. roots, rhizomes): whole, parts and powdered.
- #9 All parts and derivatives except those bearing a label "Produced from Hoodia spp. material obtained through controlled harvesting and production in collaboration with the CITES Management Authorities of Botswana/Namibia/South Africa under agreement no. BW/NA/ZA xxxxxx".
- #10 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, including unfinished wood articles used for the fabrication of bows for stringed musical instruments.
- #11 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, plywood, powder and extracts.
- "\* Corrected on 20 November 2013 to include *Bradypus pygmaeus* in Appendix II.
- 1 Population of Argentina (listed in Appendix II)::

For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas, in cloth, and in derived manufactured products and other handicraft artefacts. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words 'VICUÑA-ARGENTINA'. Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation 'VICUÑA-ARGENTINA-ARTESANÍA'.

All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

2 Population of Chile (listed in Appendix II)::

For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas, and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words 'VICUÑA-CHILE'. Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation 'VICUÑA-CHILE-ARTESANÍA'.

All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

Population of Ecuador (listed in Appendix II):

For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles. The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words 'VICUÑA ECUADOR'. Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation 'VICUÑA ECUADOR-ARTESANÍA').

All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

4 Population of Peru (listed in Appendix II):

For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas and in the stock extant at the time of the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties (November 1994) of 3249 kg of wool, and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles. The reverse side of the cloth must bear

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the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words 'VICUÑA-PERÚ'. Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation 'VICUÑA-PERÚ-ARTESANÍA'.

All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

### 5 Population of the Plurinational State of Bolivia (listed in Appendix II):

For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in wool sheared from live vicuñas, and in cloth and items made thereof, including luxury handicrafts and knitted articles.

The reverse side of the cloth must bear the logotype adopted by the range States of the species, which are signatories to the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña, and the selvages the words 'VICUÑA-BOLIVIA'. Other products must bear a label including the logotype and the designation 'VICUÑA-BOLIVIA-ARTESANÍA'. All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

### 6 Populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe (listed in Appendix II):

For the exclusive purpose of allowing:

- a) trade in hunting trophies for non-commercial purposes;
- b) trade in live animals to appropriate and acceptable destinations, as defined in Resolution Conf. 11.20, for Botswana and Zimbabwe and for in situ conservation programmes for Namibia and South Africa:
- c) trade in hides;
- d) trade in hair;
- e) trade in leather goods for commercial or non-commercial purposes for Botswana, Namibia and South Africa and for non-commercial purposes for Zimbabwe:
- f) trade in individually marked and certified ekipas incorporated in finished jewellery for non-commercial purposes for Namibia and ivory carvings for non-commercial purposes for Zimbabwe:
- g) trade in registered raw ivory (for Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe, whole tusks and pieces) subject to the following:
  - i) only registered government-owned stocks, originating in the State (excluding seized ivory and ivory of unknown origin);
  - ii) only to trading partners that have been verified by the Secretariat, in consultation with the Standing Committee, to have sufficient national legislation and domestic trade controls to ensure that the imported ivory will not be reexported and will be managed in accordance with all requirements of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP16) concerning domestic manufacturing and trade; iii) not before the Secretariat has verified the prospective importing countries and
  - the registered government-owned stocks;
  - iv) raw ivory pursuant to the conditional sale of registered government-owned ivory stocks agreed at CoP12, which are 20,000 kg (Botswana), 10,000 kg (Namibia) and 30,000 kg (South Africa);
  - v) in addition to the quantities agreed at CoP12, government-owned ivory from Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe registered by 31 January 2007 and verified by the Secretariat may be traded and despatched, with the ivory in paragraph g) iv) above, in a single sale per destination under strict supervision of the Secretariat:
  - vi) the proceeds of the trade are used exclusively for elephant conservation and community conservation and development programmes within or adjacent to the elephant range; and
  - vii) the additional quantities specified in paragraph g) v) above shall be traded only after the Standing Committee has agreed that the above conditions have been met; and
- h) no further proposals to allow trade in elephant ivory from populations already in Appendix II shall be submitted to the Conference of the Parties for the period from CoP14 and ending nine years from the date of the single sale of ivory that is to take place in accordance with provisions in paragraphs g) i), g) ii), g) vi) and g) vii). In addition such further proposals shall be dealt with in accordance with Decisions 14.77

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and 14.78 (Rev. CoP15).

On a proposal from the Secretariat, the Standing Committee can decide to cause this trade to cease partially or completely in the event of non-compliance by exporting or importing countries, or in the case of proven detrimental impacts of the trade on other elephant populations.

All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

- 7 Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes.
- 8 Includes the taxon Scleropages inscriptus.
- Artificially propagated specimens of the following hybrids and/or cultivars are not subject to the provisions of the Convention:
  - Hatiora x graeseri
  - Schlumbergera x buckleyi
  - Schlumbergera russelliana x Schlumbergera truncata
  - Schlumbergera orssichiana x Schlumbergera truncata
  - Schlumbergera opuntioides x Schlumbergera truncata
  - Schlumbergera truncata (cultivars)
  - Cactaceae spp. colour mutants, grafted on the following grafting stocks: Harrisia
     'Jusbertii', Hylocereus trigonus or Hylocereus undatus
  - Opuntia microdasys (cultivars).
- Artificially propagated hybrids of the following genera are not subject to the provisions of the Convention, if conditions, as indicated under a) and b), are met: *Cymbidium*, *Dendrobium*, *Phalaenopsis* and *Vanda*:
  - a) Specimens are readily recognizable as artificially propagated and do not show any signs of having been collected in the wild such as mechanical damage or strong dehydration resulting from collection, irregular growth and heterogeneous size and shape within a taxon and shipment, algae or other epiphyllous organisms adhering to leaves, or damage by insects or other pests; and
  - b) i) when shipped in non-flowering state, the specimens must be traded in shipments consisting of individual containers (such as cartons, boxes, crates or individual shelves of CC-containers) each containing 20 or more plants of the same hybrid; the plants within each container must exhibit a high degree of uniformity and healthiness; and the shipment must be accompanied by documentation, such as an invoice, which clearly states the number of plants of each hybrid; or
  - ii) when shipped in flowering state, with at least one fully open flower per specimen, no minimum number of specimens per shipment is required but specimens must be professionally processed for commercial retail sale, e.g. labelled with printed labels or packaged with printed packages indicating the name of the hybrid and the country of final processing. This should be clearly visible and allow easy verification.

Plants not clearly qualifying for the exemption must be accompanied by appropriate CITES documents.

- Artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of *Cyclamen persicum* are not subject to the provisions of the Convention. However, the exemption does not apply to such specimens traded as dormant tubers.
- Artificially propagated hybrids and cultivars of *Taxus cuspidata*, live, in pots or other small containers, each consignment being accompanied by a label or document stating the name of the taxon or taxa and the text 'artificially propagated', are not subject to the provisions of the Convention.
- #1 All parts and derivatives, except:
  - a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);
  - b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers:
  - c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
  - d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.
- #2 All parts and derivatives except:
  - a) seeds and pollen; and
  - b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

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- Whole and sliced roots and parts of roots, excluding manufactured parts or derivatives, such as powders, pills, extracts, tonics, teas and confectionery.
- #4 All parts and derivatives, except:
  - a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from *Beccariophoenixmadagascariensis* and *Neodypsis decaryi* exported from Madagascar;
  - b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained *in vitro*, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
  - c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
  - d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
  - e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the
  - genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
  - f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.
- #5 Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.
- #6 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets and plywood.
- #7 Logs, woodchips, powder and extracts.
- #8 Underground parts (i.e. roots, rhizomes): whole, parts and powdered.
- #9 All parts and derivatives except those bearing a label:
  "Produced from *Hoodia* spp. material obtained through controlled harvesting and production under the terms of an agreement with the relevant CITES Management Authority of [Botswana under agreement No. BW/xxxxxx] [Namibia under agreement No. NA/xxxxxx] [South Africa under agreement No. ZA/xxxxxx]".
- #10 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, including unfinished wood articles used for the fabrication of bows for stringed musical instruments.
- #11 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, plywood, powder and extracts.
- Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, plywood and extracts. Finished products containing such extracts as ingredients, including fragrances, are not considered to be covered by this annotation.
- #13 The kernel (also known as 'endosperm', 'pulp' or 'copra') and any derivative thereof.
- #14 All parts and derivatives except:
  - a) seeds and pollen;
  - b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained *in vitro*, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
  - c) fruits;
  - d) leaves:
  - e) exhausted agarwood powder, including compressed powder in all shapes; and
  - f) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade, this exemption does not apply to beads, prayer beads and carvings."